▼ Measurement Modes

Measurement Modes	IMPD-3T (Default measurement mode)
	IMPD-2T (High-frequency measurement mode)
	IMPD-EXT (Expanded measurement mode)
	G-PH (Gain/phase measurement mode)

▼ Measurement Value Display Ranges

● IMPD-3T. IMPD-2T

● IMPD-3T, IMPD-2T			
Z		0 Ω to 999.999 G Ω , resolution 6 digits or 1 a Ω	
R, X		$\pm (1~a~to~999.999~G)~\Omega$ and 0 $\Omega,$ resolution 6 digits or 1 $a\Omega$	
Υ		0 S to 999.999 GS, resolution 6 digits or 1 aS	
G, B		±(1 a to 999.999 G) S and 0 S, resolution 6 digits or 1 aS	
Ls, Lp		±(1 a to 999.999 G) H and 0 H, resolution 6 digits or 1 aH	
Cs, Cp		±(1 a to 999.999 G) F and 0 F, resolution 6 digits or 1 aF	
Rs, Rp		$\pm (1~a~to~999.999~G)~\Omega$ and 0 $\Omega,$ resolution 6 digits or 1 $a\Omega$	
θz, θγ	±180°	-180.000° to 179.999°, resolution 0.001°	
	0 to 360°	0.000° to 359.999°, resolution 0.001°	
	$-360 \text{ to } 0^{\circ}$	-360.000° to -0.001°, resolution 0.001°	
	UNWRAP	-9999.999° to +9999.999°, resolution 0.001°	
D, Dε, Dμ		\pm (0.00001 to 99999.9) and 0 (unitless number), resolution 6 digits or 0.00001	
Qc, QL		±(0.00001 to 99999.9) and 0 (unitless number) resolution 6 digits or 0.00001	
V		0 to 9.99999 Vrms, resolution 6 digits or 1 aVrms	
1		0 to 99.9999 mArms, resolution 6 digits or 1 aArms	
εs, εs΄, εs΄΄ μs, μs΄, μs΄		±(1 a to 999.999 G) and 0 (unitless number), resolution 6 digits or 1 a	
FREQUENCY		$10~\mu\text{Hz}$ to $36.000~000~000~00$ MHz, resolution $10~\mu\text{Hz}$ This item is selectable when resonant frequency tracking measurement.	

IMPD-EXT

Z		0 Ω to 999.999 G Ω , resolution 6 digits or 1 a Ω	
R, X		$\pm (1~a~to~999.999~G)~\Omega$ and 0 $\Omega,$ resolution 6 digits or 1 $a\Omega$	
Υ		0 S to 999.999 GS, resolution 6 digits or 1 aS	
G, B		±(1 a to 999.999 G) S and 0 S, resolution 6 digits or 1 aS	
Ls, Lp		±(1 a to 999.999 G) H and 0 H, resolution 6 digits or 1 aH	
Cs, Cp		±(1 a to 999.999 G) F and 0 F, resolution 6 digits or 1 aF	
Rs, Rp		$\pm (1~a~to~999.999~G)~\Omega$ and 0 $\Omega,$ resolution 6 digits or 1 $a\Omega$	
θz, θγ	±180°	-180.000° to 179.999°, resolution 0.001°	
	0 to 360°	0.000° to 359.999°, resolution 0.001°	
	-360 to 0°	-360.000° to -0.001°, resolution 0.001°	
	UNWRAP	-9999.999° to +9999.999°, resolution 0.001°	
D, Dε, Dμ		\pm (0.00001 to 99999.9) and 0 (unitless number), resolution 6 digits or 0.00001	
Qc, QL		±(0.00001 to 99999.9) and 0 (unitless number) resolution 6 digits or 0.00001	
V ₁ , V ₂		0 to 999.999 GVrms, resolution 6 digits or 1 aVrms V ₁ and V ₂ are the voltages resulting from the PORT1 measurement voltage and PORT2 measurement voltage being corrected (multiplied) by the respective input weighting factorsetting values.	
εs, εs΄, εs΄΄ μs, μs΄, μs΄΄		\pm (1 a to 999.999 G) and 0 (unitless number), resolution 6 digits or 1 a	
FREQUENCY		$10~\mu\text{Hz}$ to $36.000~000~000~0\text{MHz}$, resolution $10~\mu\text{Hz}$ This item is selectable when resonant frequency tracking measurement.	

G-PH

Gain				
	dBR (gain dB)		-999.999 dB to +999.999 dB, resolution 0.001 dB	
	R (absolute gain) a (real part of gain) b (imaginary part of gain)		0 to 999.999 G (unitless number), resolution 6 digits or 1 a	
			±(1 a to 999.999 G) or 0 (unitless number), resolution 6 digits or 1 a	
			±(1 a to 999.999 G) or 0 (unitless number), resolution 6 digits or 1 a	
(θ (phase) ±180°		-180.000° to +179.999°, resolution 0.001°	
	0 to 360° -360 to 0°		0.000° to +359.999°, resolution 0.001°	
			-360.000° to -0.001°, resolution 0.001°	
		UNWRAP	-9999.999° to +9999.999°, resolution 0.001°	
(GD (group delay)		\pm (1 a to 999.999 G) s and 0 s, resolution 6 digits or 1 as	
`	V ₁ , V ₂		0 to 999.999 GVrms, resolution 6 digits or 1 aVrms V_1 and V_2 are the voltages resulting from the PORT1 measurement voltage and PORT2 measurement voltage being corrected (multiplied) by the respective input weighting factorsetting values.	

▼ Measurement Connectors

Hour/OSC Connector	PNC connector (front penal)		
	BNC connector (front panel)		
Frequency	10 µHz to 36 MHz (when HV DC bias is off) 1 kHz to 36 MHz (when HV DC bias is on)		
	Setting resolution: 10 µHz		
	Accuracy: ±10 ppm (when using internal reference clock)		
Measurement signal amplitude			
Voltage 0 to 3.00 Vrms			
voltage	(Measurement signal amplitude setting [Vrms] \times 1.42) + Normal DC bias setting [V] \leq 5.0 (Measurement signal amplitude setting [Vrms] \times 1.42) + HV DC bias setting [V] \leq 42.0 Setting resolution: 3 digits or 10 μ Vrms, whichever is the largest Accuracy: \pm 0.3 dB or less (1 kHz, 70 mVrms to 3.0 Vrms, no load)		
Current	0 to 60 mArms		
	(Measurement signal amplitude setting [Arms] \times 71) + Normal DC bias setting [A] \times 50 \leq 5.0 Setting resolution: 3 digits or 100 nArms, whichever is the largest Accuracy: nominal value		
Frequency	±0.3 dB or less (100 kHz or less)		
characteristics	±0.5 dB or less (1 MHz or less)		
	±1.0 dB or less (15 MHz or less)		
	±3.0 dB or less (30 MHz or less) ±4.0 dB or less (36 MHz or less)		
	1 kHz reference, 70 mVrms to 3 Vrms, use normal DC bias,		
	DC bias setting 0 V, 50 Ω load		
Distortion	0.2% or less		
	(no load, 100 kHz or less, BW500 kHz, and 3 Vrms output)		
ALC	{CV (constant voltage) or CC (constant current)}/OFF		
Output limit	Voltage: 10 μ Vrms to 3.00 Vrms Setting resolution: 3 digits or 10 μ Vrms, whichever is the largest Current 100 nArms to 60 mArms		
	Setting resolution: 3 dights or 100 nArms, whichever is the largest		
Normal DC bias (f	ront panel or rear panel selectable)		
Voltage	-5.00 V to +5.00 V -5.00 V to +5.00 V		
	measurement signal amplitude setting [Vrms] + 30 mV), When no load		
Current	-100 mA to +100 mA (Measurement signal amplitude setting [Arms] × 71) + Normal DC bias setting [A] × 50 ≤ 5.0 Setting resolution: 100 nA, accuracy: nominal value		
HV DC bias	-40.0 V to +40.0 V (when no load) (Measurement signal amplitude setting [Vrms] × 1.42) + HV DC bias setting [V] ≤ 42.0 Setting resolution: 10 mV		

Accuracy: ±(|1% of HV DC bias setting [V]| + 3% of measurement signal amplitude setting [Vrms] + 30 mV),

Output Impedance: 1 $k\Omega$ (nominal value)

When no load

Output Impedance 50 Ω (nominal value)



HPOT/PORT1, LCUR/PORT2

Input connectors	BNC connectors (front panel)
Measurement range	10 Ω, 100 Ω, 1 kΩ, 10 kΩ, 100 kΩ, 1 MΩ, AUTO

• IMPD-2T PORT3

Connector N connector (front panel)			
Frequency	10 μHz to 36 MHz (when HV DC bias is off) 1 kHz to 36 MHz (when HV DC bias is on) Setting resolution: 10 μHz, Accuracy: ±10 ppm (when using internal reference clock)		
Measurement sign	al amplitude		
Voltage	0 to 3.00 Vrms (Measurement signal amplitude setting [Vrms] \times 1.42) + Normal DC bias setting [V] \leq 5.0 (Measurement signal amplitude setting [Vrms] \times 1.42) + HV DC bias setting [V] \leq 42.0 Setting resolution: 3 digits or 10 μ Vrms, whichever is the largest Accuracy: \pm 0.3 dB or less (1 kHz, 70 mVrms to 3.0 Vrms, no load)		
Current	0 to 60 mArms (Measurement signal amplitude setting [Arms] \times 71) + Normal DC bias setting [A] \times 50 \leq 5.0 Setting resolution: 3 digits or 100 nArms, whichever is the largest Accuracy: nominal value		
Frequency characteristics	±0.3 dB or less (100 kHz or less) ±0.5 dB or less (1 MHz or less) ±1.0 dB or less (15 MHz or less) ±3.0 dB or less (30 MHz or less) ±4.0 dB or less (36 MHz or less) 1 kHz reference, 70 mVrms to 3 Vrms, use normal DC bias, DC bias setting 0 V, 50 Ω load		
Distortion	0.2% or less (no load, 100 kHz or less, BW500 kHz, and 3 Vrms output)		
ALC	{CV (constant voltage) or CC (constant current)}/OFF		
Output limit	Voltage: 10 µVrms to 3.00 Vrms Setting resolution: 3 digits or 10 µVrms, whichever is the largest Current 100 nArms to 60 mArms Setting resolution: 3 dights or 100 nArms, whichever is the largest		
lormal DC bias			
Voltage	-5.00 V to +5.00 V (Measurement signal amplitude setting [Vrms] × 1.42) + Normal DC bias setting [V] ≤ 5.0 Setting resolution: 10 mV Accuracy: ±(1% of normal DC bias setting [V] + 3% of measurement signal amplitude setting [Vrms] + 30 mV), When no load		
Current	-100 mA to +100 mA (Measurement signal amplitude setting [Arms] \times 71) + Normal DC bias setting [A] \times 50 \leq 5.0 Setting resolution: 100 nA, accuracy: nominal value		
HV DC bias	-40.0 V to +40.0 V (when no load) (Measurement signal amplitude setting [Vrms] × 1.42) + HV DC bias setting [V] ≤ 42.0 Setting resolution: 10 mV Accuracy: ±(1% of HV DC bias setting [V] + 3% of measurement signal amplitude setting [Vrms] + 30 mV), When no load Output Impedance: 1 kΩ (nominal value)		
Measurement range 1Ω , 10Ω , 100Ω , $1 k\Omega$, AUTO			

● IMPD-EXT Hcurs/OSC Unless otherwise specified, DUT drive amplifier gain setting K= +1.0 and ALC is OFF

Connector DNC connector (front nend)		
Connector	BNC connector (front panel)	
Frequency	10 μHz to 36 MHz	
	Setting resolution: 10 µHz,	
	Accuracy: ±10 ppm (when using internal reference clock)	
Measurement sign	al amplitude	
Setting range	0 to 999 GVrms	
	Limited to (0 to 3.0) × K Vrms by K	
	(Measurement signal amplitude setting [Vrms] × 1.42) +	
	Normal DC bias setting $[V]$ $\leq 5.0 \times K $	
	Setting resolution: 3 digits or 10 μVrms (K=1), whichever is the largest	
	Accuracy: ± 0.3 dB or less (1 kHz, 70 mVrms to 3.0 Vrms,	
	no load)	

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	Frequency characteristics	± 0.3 dB or less (100 kHz or less) ± 0.5 dB or less (1 MHz or less) ± 1.0 dB or less (15 MHz or less) ± 3.0 dB or less (30 MHz or less) ± 4.0 dB or less (36 MHz or less) ± 4.0 dB or less (36 MHz or less) 1 kHz reference, 70 mVrms to 3 Vrms, use normal DC bias, DC bias setting 0 V, 50 Ω load
	Distortion	0.2% or less (no load, 100 kHz or less, BW500 kHz, and 3 Vrms output)
	ALC	PORT1 / PORT2 / OFF
	Output limit	Voltage: 1 aVrms to 999 GVrms Setting resolution: 3 digits or 1 aVrms, whichever is the largest
	Normal DC bias	-999 GV to +999 GV Limited to -5.00 × K V to +5.00 × K V by K (Measurement signal amplitude setting [Vrms] × 1.42) + Normal DC bias setting [V] ≤ 5.0 × K Setting resolution: 3 digits or 10 mV (K= 1), whichever is the largest Accuracy: ±(1% of normal DC bias setting [V] + 3% of measurement signal amplitude setting [Vrms] + 30 mV), When no load
Ī	Output Impedance	50 Ω (nominal value)
	DUT drive amplifier gain setting K	Set the gain of the amplifier or attenuator that supplies the measurement signal to the DUT. The measurement signal amplitude and normal DC bias applied to the DUT can be set directly. Setting range: ±(1E-12 to 1E+12) Setting resolution: 3 digits or 1E-12, whichever is the largest

HPOT/PORT1, LCUR/PORT2				
Input connectors	BNC connectors (front panel)			
Input Impedance	1 M Ω ±2%, 25 pF ±5 pF (HPOT) / 30 pF ±5 pF (LCUR) in parallel			
Maximum non-destructive input voltage	±20 V			
Measurement range	10 mVrms to 5 Vrms (1–2–5 sequence), 7 Vrms, and AUTO (PORT1 and PORT2 can be set individually.) • Measurement range and max. measurement input voltage			
	Measurement range [rms]	Maximum measurement input voltage	Measurement range [rms]	Maximum measurement input voltage
	10 mV	±16 mV	500 mV	±780 mV
	20 mV	±31 mV	1 V	±1.6 V
	50 mV	±78 mV	2 V	±3.1 V
	100 mV	±160 mV	5 V	±7.8 V
	200 mV	±310 mV	7 V, AUTO	±11 V
Input weighting factor	This function corrects the conversion ratios of the voltage probe, current probe, shunt resistance, etc. for measurement. (PORT1 and PORT2 can be set individually) Setting range ±(1.00000E–15 to 999.999E+09) Setting resolution 6 digits or 1E–15 Setting range: HPOT/PORT1 0 to 7 Vrms LCUR/PORT2 0 to 7 Vrms Setting resolution: 3 digits or 1 μVrms, whichever is the largest. Processing: Buzzer alarm sound, or stopping of measurement (can be turned on/off)			
Over detection				

DC BIAS OUTPUT

Connector	BNC connector (rear panel)
Setting range	$ -999 \text{ GV to } +999 \text{ GV} $ Limited to $-5.00 \times \text{K V to } +5.00 \times \text{K V by K} $ (Measurement signal amplitude setting [Vrms] × 1.42) + Normal DC bias setting [V] ≤ $5.0 \times \text{K} $ Setting resolution: 3 digits or 10 mV (K=1), whichever is the largest Accuracy: $\pm (1\% \text{ of normal DC bias setting } [\text{V}] + 30 \text{ mV}) $
Output Impedance	600 Ω (nominal value)

• G-PH Hcur/OSC

Connector	BNC connector (front panel)	
, ,	10 μHz to 36 MHz Setting resolution: 10 μHz Accuracy: ±10 ppm (when using internal reference clock)	

(,	(G-FH contained)					
١	Measurement signa	al amplitude				
	Setting range	0 to 999 Gvrms Limited to (0 to 3.0) \times K Vrms by K Resolution: 3 digits or 10 μ Vrms (K=1), whichever is the largest Accuracy: \pm 0.3 dB or less (1 kHz, 70 mVrms to 3.0 Vrms, no load)				
	Frequency characteristics	± 0.3 dB or less (100 kHz or less) ± 0.5 dB or less (1 MHz or less) ± 1.0 dB or less (15 MHz or less) ± 3.0 dB or less (30 MHz or less) ± 4.0 dB or less (36 MHz or less) ± 4.0 dB or less (36 MHz or less) 1 kHz reference, 70 mVrms to 3 Vrms, use normal DC bias, DC bias setting 0 V, 50 Ω load				
	Distortion	0.2% or less (no load when 100 kHz or less, BW500 kHz, and 3 Vrms output)				
	ALC	PORT1 / PORT2 / OFF				
	Output limit	Voltage: 1 aVrms to 999 GVrms Setting resolution: 3 digits or 1 aVrms, whichever is the largest				
1	Normal DC bias	-999 GV to +999 GV Limited to -5.00 × K V to +5.00 × K V by K (Measurement signal amplitude setting [Vrms] × 1.42) + Normal DC bias setting [V] ≤ 5.0 × K Setting resolution: 3 digits or 10 mV (K=1), whichever is the largest Accuracy: ±(1% of normal DC bias setting [V] + 3% of measurement signal amplitude setting [Vrms] + 30 mV), When no load				
(Output Impedance	50 Ω (nominal value)				
C	DUT drive amplifier gain setting K	Set the gain of the amplifier or attenuator that supplies the measurement signal to the DUT. The measurement signal amplitude and normal DC bias applied to the DUT can be set directly. Setting range: ±(1E-12 to 1E+12) Setting resolution: 3 digits or 1E-12, whichever is the largest				

PORT1/HPOT, PORT2/LCUR						
Input connectors	BNC connectors (front panel)					
Input Impedance	1 MΩ ±2%, 25 pF ±5 pF (PORT1) / 30 pF ±5 pF (PORT2) in parallel					
Maximum non-destructive input voltage	±20 V					
Measurement range	10 mVrms to 5 AUTO (PORT1	and PORT2 o	an be set indi	vidually.)		
	• Measurement	range and ma	x. measuremer	nt input voltage		
	Measurement range [rms]	Maximum measurement input voltage	Measurement range [rms]	Maximum measurement input voltage		
	10 mV	±16 mV	500 mV	±780 mV		
	20 mV	±31 mV	1 V	±1.6 V		
	50 mV	±78 mV	2 V	±3.1 V		
	100 mV	±160 mV	5 V	±7.8 V		
	200 mV	±310 mV	7 V, AUTO	±11 V		
Input weighting factor	This function corrects the conversion ratios of the voltage probe, current probe, shunt resistance, etc. for measurement. (PORT1 and PORT2 can be set individually) Setting range: ±(1.00000E-15 to 999.999E+09) Setting resolution: 6 digits or 1E-15					
Over detection	Setting range: HPOT/PORT1 0 to 7 Vrms LCUR/PORT2 0 to 7 Vrms Setting resolution: 3 digits or 1 µVrms, whichever is the largest. Processing: Buzzer alarm sound or, stopping of measurement (can be turned on/off)					
Dynamic range	110 dB typ. (10 Hz to 1 MHz) 60 dB typ. (11 MHz to 10 MHz) 50 dB typ. (10 MHz to 36 MHz) (The largest of the port inputs is 3 Vrms and measurement time setting 40 s or more)					

DC BIAS OUTPUT

Connector	BNC connector (rear panel)
Setting range	-999 GV to +999 GV Limited to -5.00 × K V to +5.00 × K V by K (Measurement signal amplitude setting [Vrms] × 1.42) + Normal DC bias setting [V] ≤ 5.0 × K Setting resolution: 3 digits or 10 mV (K=1), whichever is the largest Accuracy: ±(1% of normal DC bias setting [V] + 30 mV)
Output Impedance	600 Ω (nominal value)

▼ Measured Signal Control Section

▼ Measured Signal Control Section					
Signal output control					
Measurement synchronous drive	SYNC (AC+DC): The measurement signal and DC bias are turned on at the start of measurement and turned off at the end of measurement. SYNC (AC): The measurement signal is turned on at the start of measurement and turned off at the end of measurement. The DC bias does not change. ASYNC: The measurement signal and DC bias are not changed at the start of measurement and end of measurement. QUICK: The measurement signal amplitude and DC bias changes immediately. SLOW: Output changes gradually over a period of approximately 10 seconds. 0° SYNC: This instrument waits until the measurement signal phase becomes 0° and then output turns off. ASYNC: The frequency changes immediately. 0° SYNC: The frequency changes when the measurement signal phase becomes 0°. One of frequency, measurement signal amplitude, DC bias, and time (zero span) Either linear or log (frequency or amplitude only) SWEEP UP: Sweeps in the direction of lower limit to upper limit.				
ON/OFF mode	SYNC (AC+DC): The measurement signal and DC bias are turned on at the start of measurement and turned off at the end of measurement. SYNC (AC): The measurement signal is turned on at the start of measurement and turned off at the end of measurement. The DC bias does not change. ASYNC: The measurement signal and DC bias are not changed at the start of measurement and end of measurement. QUICK: The measurement signal amplitude and DC bias changes immediately. SLOW: Output changes gradually over a period of approximately 10 seconds. 0° SYNC: This instrument waits until the measurement signal phase becomes 0° and then output turns off. ASYNC: The frequency changes immediately. 0° SYNC: The frequency changes when the measurement signal phase becomes 0°.				
Frequency change mode	0° SYNC: The frequency changes when the measurement				
Sweep					
Item					
Туре	Either linear or log (frequency or amplitude only)				
Control	upper limit. SWEEP DOWN: Sweeps in the direction of upper limit to lower limit. SPOT: Measures with fixed frequency, measurement signal amplitude, and bias.				
Density	3 to 2,000 steps/sweep				
Time	Measurement signal amplitude: From 2 ms/point DC bias: From 3 ms/point				

▼ Measurement Accuracy

● IMPD-3T

The conditions are that 0 to +40 °C, open and short correction was performed after warming up for at least 30 minutes.

Basic accuracy: $\pm 0.08\%$

Measurement	Measurable	Recommended
range Zr	range	range
1 ΜΩ	900 kΩ ≤	1 MΩ to 11 MΩ
100 kΩ	90 kΩ ≤	100 kΩ to 1.1 MΩ
10 kΩ	9 kΩ ≤	10 kΩ to 110 kΩ
1 kΩ	900 Ω ≤	1 kΩ to 11 kΩ
100 Ω	No limitation	9 Ω to 1.1 kΩ
10 Ω	≤ 10 Ω	1 Ω to 10 Ω

Measurable range: Approximate range in which measurement and display are possible (supplementary value).

Recommended range: Operating range in which measurement accuracy is

Impedance measurement accuracy

Accuracy of |Z|: ±Az [%]

 $Az = \{(A+B\times U+Kz+Ky)\times Kv+K_B\}\times K_T$

Accuracy of phase angle θ of impedance: $\pm Pz [^{\circ}]$

when 10 kHz < f < 30 kHz and measurement range is 1 $k\Omega$

 $Pz = 0.573 \times \{(1.5 \times A + 1.5 \times B \times U + Kz + Ky) \times Kv + KB\} \times KT$

when 10 kHz < f < 30 kHz and measurement range is 100 Ω

 $Pz = 0.573 \times \{(2 \times A + 2 \times B \times U + Kz + Ky) \times Kv + KB\} \times KT$

other than above $Pz = 0.573 \times Az$

f: Measurement frequency

- -The measurement accuracy when Az exceeds 10% is a supplementary value.
- -Excluding the highest and lowest measurement ranges that can be used with that frequency, the measurement accuracy for a measured value smaller than half the lower limit of each recommended measurement range or larger than twice the upper limit is a supplementary value.

Each parameter value in the expression of Az and Pz is listed below. The meaning of the symbol used when calculating each parameter is shown below.

- Zr: Measurement range [Ω]
- Zx: Measurement value $[\Omega]$ of magnitude of impedance $|\mathsf{Z}|$

U: Ratio coefficient

Zr	U
≥ 1 kΩ	Zx / Zr – 1
≤ 100 Ω	Zr / Zx – 1

A (upper row): Basic coefficient [%]

B (lower row): Proportional coefficient $[\,\%\,]$

Measurement time setting is larger than (200 ms or (20/measurement frequency [Hz]) s) or more.

	3 - 13 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -						
Measurement	Measurement frequency [Hz]						
range Zr	2 m < f ≤ 1 k	1 k < f < 30 k	30 k ≤ f ≤ 50 k	50 k < f ≤ 100 k			
1 ΜΩ	1.50 2.00	0.80 0.60	_				
100 kΩ	0.30	0.25	0.70	0.40			
	0.20	0.10	0.70	0.40			
10 kΩ	0.15	0.14	0.15	0.20			
	0.03	0.02	0.06	0.03			
1 kΩ	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.14			
	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02			
100 Ω	0.13	0.06	0.05	0.06			
	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.10			
10 Ω	0.30	0.30	0.40	0.40			
	0.15	0.20	0.15	0.15			

Measurement	Measurement frequency [Hz]					
range Zr	100 k < f ≤ 1 M	$1 M < f \le 2 M$	2 M < f ≤ 5 M	5 M < f ≤ 10 M		
1 ΜΩ	_	_	_	_		
1 14122	_	_	_	_		
100 kΩ	_	_	_	_		
100 K22	_	_	_	_		
10 kΩ	0.20	0.80	_	_		
10 K22	0.03	0.30	_	_		
1 kΩ	0.15	0.20	0.35	_		
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0.01	0.07	0.35	_		
100 Ω	0.15	0.15	0.20	0.30		
100 12	0.03	0.05	0.20	0.40		
10 Ω	0.40	0.50	1.50	_		
10 12	1.20	2.00	5.00	_		

The measurement accuracy in the "-" column is not guaranteed.

Kz: Residual impedance coefficient [%]

Frequency range	Kz [%]		
f≤1 MHz	2/Zx [Ω]		
$1 \text{ MHz} < f \le 10 \text{ MHz}$	f [kHz]×2×10 ⁻³ /Zx [Ω]		

Ky: Residual admittancee coefficient [%]

Frequency range	Ky [%]
f < 30 kHz	Zx [Ω]/(1×10 ⁸)
$30 \text{ kHz} \leq f \leq 10 \text{ MHz}$	$f[kHz]\times Zx[\Omega]/(3\times10^9)$

Kv: Signal level coefficient

- -When the measurement signal amplitude setting is less than 100 mVrms, the measurement accuracy is not guaranteed.
- –When the signal level is set as a current, refer to Kv of the value calculated by measurement signal amplitude setting [Arms] \times 71 as the signal level [Vrms]. Example) When the measurement signal amplitude setting is 2.1 mArms, refer to Kv of 2.1×10⁻³ \times 71 = 149 m [Vrms].

Frequency ≤ 1 kHz

Measurement	Signal level [Vrms]						
range Zr	100 m ≤ V ≤ 300 m	300 m < V ≤ 500 m	500 m < V ≤ 800 m	800 m < V < 1.00	V = 1.00	1.00 < V ≤ 3.00	
1 ΜΩ	5.0	2.5	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
100 kΩ	4.0	1.8	2.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	
10 kΩ	3.0	1.5	1.5	1.0	1.0	2.5	
1 kΩ	2.5	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.0	3.5	
100 Ω	1.8	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	4.0	
10 Ω	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.8	

1 kHz < Frequency \leq 30 kHz

This is troduction and the							
Measurement	Signal level [Vrms]						
range Zr	100 m ≤ V ≤ 300 m	300 m < V ≤ 500 m	500 m < V ≤ 800 m	800 m < V < 1.00	V = 1.00	1.00 < V ≤ 3.00	
1 ΜΩ	5.0	1.8	1.5	1.1	1.0	1.2	
100 kΩ	3.5	1.5	1.5	1.1	1.0	2.0	
10 kΩ	2.5	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0	3.0	
1 kΩ	2.0	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0	4.5	
100 Ω	2.5	1.2	1.5	1.1	1.0	6.5	
10 Ω	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	2.0	

30 kHz < Frequency ≤ 100 kHz

Measurement	Signal level [Vrms]						
range Zr	100 m ≤ V ≤ 300 m	300 m < V ≤ 500 m	500 m < V ≤ 800 m	800 m < V < 1.00	V = 1.00	1.00 < V ≤ 3.00	
100 kΩ	8.0	2.5	1.8	1.1	1.0	2.0	
10 kΩ	8.0	2.5	1.8	1.1	1.0	3.0	
1 kΩ	6.5	2.0	1.5	1.1	1.0	5.0	
100 Ω	6.0	2.0	2.0	1.1	1.0	7.0	
10 Ω	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.8	

$100 \text{ kHz} < \text{Frequency} \leq 1 \text{ MHz}$

Measurement	Signal level [Vrms]					
range Zr	100 m ≤ V ≤ 300 m	300 m < V ≤ 500 m	500 m < V ≤ 800 m	800 m < V < 1.00	V = 1.00	1.00 < V ≤ 3.00
10 kΩ	5.0	1.8	1.5	1.0	1.0	3.0
1 kΩ	4.5	1.5	1.5	1.1	1.0	4.0
100 Ω	4.0	1.2	1.5	1.0	1.0	4.0
10 Ω	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.8

1 MHz < Frequency ≤ 2 MHz

Measurement	Signal level [Vrms]						
range Zr	100 m ≤ V ≤ 300 m	300 m < V ≤ 500 m	500 m < V ≤ 800 m	800 m < V < 1.00	V = 1.00	1.00 < V ≤ 3.00	
10 kΩ	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.2	
1 kΩ	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	3.0	
100 Ω	2.0	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.0	4.0	
10 Ω	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.2	

2 MHz < Frequency ≤ 10 MHz

Measurement		Signal level [Vrms]						
range Zr	100 m ≤ V ≤ 300 m	300 m < V ≤ 500 m	500 m < V ≤ 800 m	800 m < V < 1.00	V = 1.00	1.00 < V ≤ 3.00		
1 kΩ	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0		
100 Ω	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0		
10 Ω	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		

KB: DC bias coefficient [%]

- –When the normal DC bias setting is 0.00 V, $\ensuremath{K_B} = 0\%$.
- –The K_B [%] when the normal DC bias is output from the front panel Hcua/OSC is as shown in the table below. This is common for the voltage setting and current setting.

Measurement	Measurement frequency [Hz]				
range Zr	f ≤ 1 k	1 k < f ≤ 30 k	30 k < f ≤ 10 M		
1 ΜΩ	5.0	2.0	_		
100 kΩ	1.0	0.2	2.0		
10 kΩ	0.2	0.1	0.2		
1 kΩ	0.1	0.1	0.1		
100 Ω	0.3	0.3	0.3		
10 Ω	0.5	0.5	0.5		

–The $K_B\,[\,\%\,]$ when the HV DC bias is enabled is as shown in the table below.

The tast of the same and the same is a same as a					
Measurement	Measurement frequency [Hz]				
range Zr	1 k ≤ f < 30 k	$30 \text{ k} < f \le 10 \text{ M}$			
1 ΜΩ	2.0	_			
100 kΩ	0.5	2.0			
10 kΩ	0.2	0.2			
1 kΩ	0.2	0.2			
100 Ω	0.5	0.5			
10 Ω	0.5	0.5			

Kτ: Temperature-dependent coefficient

Ambient temperature T[°C]	Kτ
0 to +18	1+k×(18-T)
+18 to +28	1
+28 to +40	1+k×(T-28)

k: Temperature coefficient

Measurement	Measurement frequency [Hz]					
range Zr	f < 30 k	30 k ≤ f ≤ 1 M	$1 \text{ M} < f \le 5 \text{ M}$	5 M < f ≤ 10 M		
1 ΜΩ	0.04	_	_	_		
100 kΩ	0.05	0.04		_		
10 kΩ	0.05	0.04	0.04	_		
1 kΩ	0.06	0.04	0.06	_		
100 Ω	0.08	0.05	0.04	0.08		
10 Ω	0.03	0.02	0.02	_		

● IMPD-2T

The conditions are that 23 ± 5 °C, open and short correction was performed after warming up for at least 30 minutes.

Basic accuracy: ±0.32%

Dasic accuracy. ±0.02.70						
Measurement range Zr	Measurable range	Recommended range				
1 kΩ	No limitation	90 Ω to 10 kΩ				
100 Ω	≤ 110 Ω	9 Ω to 100 Ω				
10 Ω	≤ 11 Ω	$0.9~\Omega$ to 10 Ω				
1 Ω	≤ 1.1 Ω	0.09 Ω to 1 Ω				

Measurable range: Approximate range in which measurement and display are possible (supplementary value).

Recommended range:
Operating range in which
measurement accuracy is high.

Impedance measurement accuracy

Accuracy of |Z|: $\pm Az[\%]$ Az = $\{(A+B\times U+Kz+Ky)\times Kv+KB\}\times KT$ Accuracy of phase angle θ of impedance: $\pm Pz[^{\circ}]$ Pz = 0.573 × Az

Remark: The measurement accuracy when Az exceeds 10% is a supplementary value.

Each parameter value in the expression of Az and Pz is listed below. The meaning of the symbol used when calculating each parameter is shown below. Zr: Measurement range $[\Omega]$ Zx: Measurement value $[\Omega]$ of magnitude of impedance |Z|

U: Ratio coefficient

Zr	U
1 kΩ	Zx/Zr (however, 0.1 when Zx/Zr < 0.1)
Other than 1 kΩ	Zr/Zx (however, 1 when Zr/Zx < 1)

A (upper row): Basic coefficient [%]

B (lower row): Proportional coefficient [%]

Measurement time setting is larger than (200 ms or (20/measurement frequency [Hz]) s) or more.

						2, -, -
Measurement	Measurement frequency [Hz]					
range Zr	2 m < f ≤ 1 k	1 k < f < 30 k	30 k ≤ f ≤ 100 k	100 k < f ≤ 1 M	1 M < f ≤ 10 M	10 M < f ≤ 36 M
1 kΩ	0.20 0.15	0.30 0.35	0.30 0.15	0.30 0.60	1.00 2.00	_
100 Ω	0.30 0.03	0.30 0.02	0.30 0.02	0.30 0.02	1.00 0.15	3.00 0.30
10 Ω	0.20 0.40	0.20 0.30	0.20 0.20	0.20 0.30	1.50 1.00	_
1 Ω	0.40 3.00	0.20 3.00	0.20 2.00	0.40 2.50	_	_

The measurement accuracy in the "—" column is not guaranteed.

Kz: Residual impedance coefficient [%]

·			
Frequency range	Kz [%]		
f ≤ 100 kHz	0.02/Zx [Ω]		
100 kHz < f ≤ 36 MHz	f [kHz]×2×10 ⁻⁴ /Zx [Ω]		

Ky: Residual admittancee coefficient [%]

Frequency range	Ky [%]
f < 30 kHz	Zx [Ω]/(1×10 ⁶)
30 kHz ≤ f ≤ 1 MHz	$f[kHz] \times Zx[\Omega]/(3\times10^6)$
1 MHz < f ≤ 36 MHz	f [kHz]×Zx [Ω]/(2×10 ⁶)

Kv: Signal level coefficient

- -When the signal level is less than 100 mV, the measurement accuracy is not guaranteed.
- -When the signal level is set as a current, refer to Kv of the value calculated by measurement signal amplitude setting [Arms] x 50 as the signal level [Vrms].

Frequency < 30 kHz

requericy < 50 km²			
Measurement	Się	gnal level [Vrr	ns]
range	100 m ≤ V	300 m < V	1.00 < V
Zr	≤ 300 m	≤ 1.00	≤ 3.00
1 kΩ	1.2	1.0	3.0
100 Ω	1.3	1.0	2.2
10 Ω	1.0	1.0	1.5
1 Ω	1.0	1.0	1.2

30 kHz ≤ Frequency ≤ 1 MHz

Measurement		Signal level [Vrms]			
range Zr	100 m ≤ V ≤ 300 m	300 m < V ≤ 500 m	500 m < V ≤ 800 m	800 m < V ≤ 1.00	1.00 < V ≤ 3.00
1 kΩ	1.5	1.0	1.1	1.0	2.5
100 Ω	1.6	1.0	1.1	1.0	2.2
10 Ω	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0
1 Ω	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.2

1 MHz < Frequency

Measurement		Signal level [Vrms]			
range Zr	100 m ≤ V ≤ 300 m	300 m < V ≤ 500 m	500 m < V ≤ 800 m	800 m < V ≤ 1.00	1.00 < V ≤ 3.00
1 kΩ	1.5	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.1
100 Ω	1.6	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.2
10 Ω	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

K_B: DC bias coefficient [%]

- -When the HV DC bias is enabled, KB = 0.1%.
- -The KB [%] when the normal DC bias is output from the front panel PORT3 is as shown in the table below. This is common for the voltage setting and current setting.

Frequency range	normal	DC bias
Trequency range	0 V	≠ 0 V
f≤1 kHz	0.0	1.00
1 kHz < f	0.0	0.05

KT: Temperature-dependent coefficient

Ambient temperature	K	ίτ
T[°C]	f ≤ 10 MHz	10 MHz < f
0 to +18	1+0.03×(18-T)	1+0.04×(18-T)
+18 to +28	1	1
+28 to +40	1+0.03×(T-28)	1+0.04×(T-28)

IMPD-EXT/G-PH

The conditions are that ambient temperature of 0 to +40 °C, within 12 hours since self-calibration was performed after warming up for at least 30 minutes, and ambient temperature variations are within ± 5 °C after self-calibration. DUT drive amplifier gain setting K = +1.0 and input weighting factor is 1.0 for both PORT1 and PORT2.

Measurement accuracy: Relative accuracy + Calibration accuracy

Relative accuracy: ±(basic accuracy + dynamic accuracy + inter-range accuracy)

Calibration accuracy: Accuracy of external equipment connected to this instrument, such as a shunt resistance, probe, or calibration standard

Upper: Impedance Z (IMPD-EXT); Middle: Gain (G-PH); Lower: Phase Basic accuracy

	Duoie docuracy			
Measurement		Measurement frequency [Hz]		
	range [rms]	f ≤ 1 M	1 M < f ≤ 10 M	10 M < f ≤ 36 M
	7 V : 100 mV	0.12% 0.01 dB 0.06°	0.35%	1.20 % 0.10 dB
	50 mV : 10 mV	0.24% 0.02 dB 0.12°	0.03 dB 0.18°	0.60°

Conditions:

- $\bullet Largest$ or more of measurement time setting 100 ms and (10 \div measurement frequency [Hz]) s
- •Measurement range of 10 mVrms to 7 Vrms
- •Both ports have the same measurement range.
- •The Z, gain and phase errors when full-scale signal (max. 3 Vrms) input of themeasurement range.

Dynamic accuracy

Measurement Measurement frequency [Hz		y [Hz]	
range [rms]	f ≤ 1 M	1 M < f ≤ 10 M	10 M < f ≤ 36 M
7 V : 100 mV	0.24% 0.02 dB 0.12°	0.35% 0.03 dB 0.18°	1.20% 0.10 dB 0.60°
50 mV : 10 mV	1.20% 0.10 dB 0.60°		

Conditions

- \bullet Largest or more of measurement time setting 100 ms and (10 \div measurement frequency [Hz]) s
- Measurement range of 10 mVrms to 7 Vrms
- •Both ports have the same measurement range.
- •The Z, gain and phase variation for when the signal level changes from full-scale (max. 3 Vrms) of measurement range to 3/10. The input signal is 1:1 or 1:0.3 between port.

Inter-range accuracy

7 V	Measurement	Mea	asurement frequency	[Hz]
1.40% 0.12 dB 0.72° 1 V 0.24% 0.02 dB	range [rms]	f ≤ 1 M	1 M < f ≤ 10 M	10 M < f ≤ 36 M
1 V 0.24% 0.02 dB 0.72°	7 V			
2 V 1 V 500 mV 0.02 dB	5 V			
500 mV 0.02 dB	2 V]		
500 mV	1 V		-	-
	500 mV		0.050/	
200 mV 0.03 dB	200 mV	0.12	0.0070	
100 mV 0.18° 1.20%	100 mV			
50 mV 0.10 dB 0.60°	50 mV			
20 mV	20 mV	0.250/	+	0.00
0.35% 0.03 dB 0.18°	10 mV	0.03 dB		

Conditions:

- \bullet Largest or more of measurement time setting 100 ms and (10 \div measurement frequency [Hz]) s
- •Measurement range of 10 mVrms to 7 Vrms
- Z, gain and phase errors when difference of the measurement ranges of both port is one and the input signal levels are the same for both ports (full scale level of smallest measurement range, max. 3 Vms).

■ Measurement Accuracy of Measurement Parameters Other Than Z and θ Measurement Modes: IMPD-EXT, IMPD-3T and IMPD-2T

Calculate the measurement accuracy from the impedance measurement accuracy as follows:

Here, Qx is the measurement value of Q, Dx is the measurement value of D, and θx is the measurement value of θ . It is also acceptable to calculate the θx used for the accuracy calculation by either $(90^{\circ} - tan^{-1}|1/Qx|)$ or $(90^{\circ} - tan^{-1}|Dx|)$.

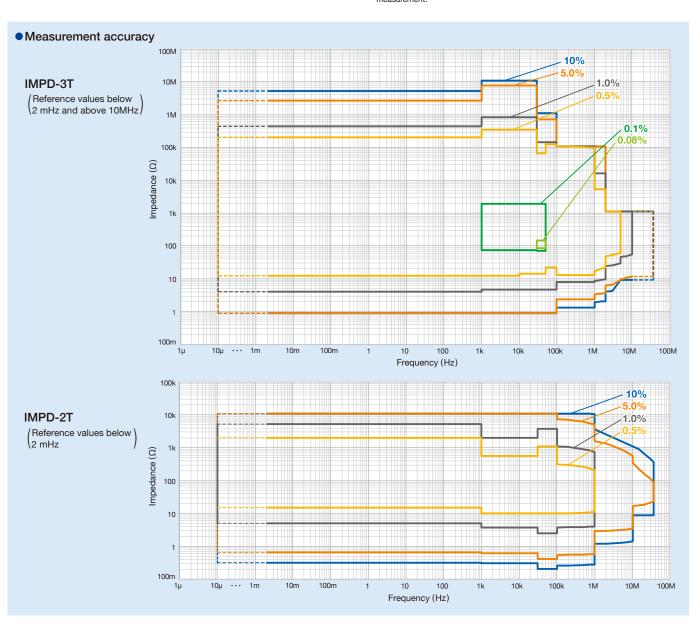
Parameter	Measurement accuracy (supplementary value)
Υ , εs, μs	±Az [%]
Lp, Ls, X, &s', µs'	$\pm Az$ [%] ($ Qx \ge 10$), $\pm Az/\sin\theta x$ [%] ($ Qx < 10$)
Cp, Cs, B	$\pm Az$ [%] ($ Dx \le 0.1$), $\pm Az/\sin\theta x$ [%] ($ Dx > 0.1$)
Rp, Rs, G, es" µs"	$\pm Az$ [%] ($ Qx \le 0.1$), $\pm Az/\cos\theta x$ [%] ($ Qx > 0.1$)
Q	$\begin{array}{l} \pm Qx^2 \times Pe / \left(1 - Qx \times Pe\right) \left(Qx \ge 10 \text{ or } Qx \times Pe \le 0.1\right) \\ \text{Here, phase angle error Pe [rad]} = Pz \left[^\circ\right] / 57.3. \\ \text{The measurement accuracy of Q is the actual value and not the } \% \text{ value.} \end{array}$
D	\pm (Pz [°] / 57.3) (Dx \leq 0.1) The measurement accuracy of D is the actual value and not the % value.

\blacksquare Measurement Accuracy of Measurement Parameters Other Than Gain and θ Measurement Modes: G–PH

Calculate the measurement accuracy from the phase measurement accuracy as follows. Here, Pg is the measurement accuracy [°] of θ .

Parameter	Measurement accuracy (supplementary value)
GD	$\pm \frac{P_G}{360 \times APT} [s] \begin{array}{l} \text{Here, APT is the aperture frequency} \\ (\Delta f [Hz]), \text{ and is aperture setting*}^1 \times \text{sweep} \\ \text{measurement frequency interval.} \end{array}$

^{*1: &}quot;Aperture setting" is a parameter that is set in this instrument for group delay (GD)



Measurement time	Processing Section Setting of time required for one measurement (in the case
setting	of sweep measurement, the setting of the measurement time of not the entire sweep but of each point). Measurement results are averaged within the range not exceeding the set time and the influence of noise is reduced. Setting range; 0 ms to 9,990 s Setting resolution: 3 digits or 0.1 ms, whichever is the largest
Measurement delay function	This function delays the start of measurement after the sweep parameters are changed. Setting range: 0 to 9,990 s Setting resolution: 3 digits or 0.1 ms, whichever is the largest
Measurement start delay function	This function delays the start of measurement only when sweeping starts. Setting range 0 to 9,990 s or MANual Setting resolution: 3 digits or 0.1 ms, whichever is the largest
Automatic high density sweep (slow sweep)	When there is a sudden change in the measurement data during frequency sweep measurement, this function performs measurement by automatically increasing the frequency sweep density in the regions before and after that point. $ \begin{aligned} &<\text{IMPD-EXT, IMPD-3T and IMPD-2T}>\\ &Z: 1 \text{ a to 999 }G\Omega, \text{ setting resolution 3 digits or 1 a}\Omega, \\ &\text{whichever is the largest} \end{aligned} \end{aligned} $
Sequence measurement function	This function performs measurements according to the contents of setting memory (condition file). UP SWEEP: The first up sweep is performed over the sweep range set in condition file number 1, the next up sweep is performed over the range set in condition file number 2, and so on continuously up to the upper limit condition file number. DOWN SWEEP: The first down sweep is performed over the range set in the upper limit condition file number, the next down sweep is performed over the range set in the next condition file number down (upper limit condition file number minus 1), and so on continuously down to condition file number: 1 to 32 Setting resolution: 1
Resonant frequency tracking function	This function automatically keeps the measurement frequency tracked to the resonance frequency of the DUT.
Equivalent circuit estimation function	Estimate each constant of the equivalent circuits from the frequency sweep measurement results. (IMPD-EXT, IMPD-3T and IMPD-2T)
Piezoelectric constant calculation function	Calculates the piezoelectric related constants from the frequency sweep measurement results. Piezoelectric constant calculation: Calculates the piezoelectric constants,piezoelectric parameters, resonant frequency, etc. Simulation: Calculates and displays the admittance characteristics from the piezoelectric parameters. (IMPD-EXT, IMPD-3T and IMPD-2T)
Comparator	SPOT: measurement results Max. 14 bins SWEEP: measurement results upper limit and lower limit comparison Number of comparison settings: 1 to 20
Discharge protection	Protection tolerance: 2 J or less (voltage is 100 V or less)
Error correction function	<impd-ext, and="" impd-2t="" impd-3t=""> Open correction: Corrects the stray admittance. Short correction: Corrects the residual impedance. Load correction: Corrects the voltage-current conversion coefficient of the measurement system. Load standard value: Standard values can be entered for up to 30 frequency points. Port extension: Corrects the error due to phase delay in cables for 2-terminal measurements. Characteristic impedance: 1.00 to 999 Ω, setting resolution 3 digits Electrical length: 0.000 to 999.999 m, setting resolution 0.001 m</impd-ext,>

(Error correction	Slope compensation: <impd-ext></impd-ext>
(Error correction function contunued)	Slope compensation: <impd-ext> This function performs analysis that is unaffected by the DC level for signals that have a composited DC level that varies linearly over time. It is used when measuring the impedance of batteries during charging and discharging. Equalizing: <g-ph> This function acquires the characteristics of only the EUT by measuring the frequency characteristics of the measurement system (sensors, cables, etc.) in advance and then eliminating the error components of the measurement system when actual measurements are taken later.</g-ph></impd-ext>
	Self-calibration: <impd-ext and="" g-ph=""></impd-ext>
	This function measures and corrects the measurement errors that arise within this instrument itself.

▼ Display Section

Display unit	8.4-inch color TFT-LCD (SVGA) with touch panel
Graphs	Bode plot, Nyquist plot, Cole-cole plot
Graph display styles	SINGLE: One graph is displayed on the LCD. SPLIT: Two graphs are displayed, one above the other.
Graph axis setting	The X, Y1, and Y2 axis can each be set to Lin/Log individually.
Graph traces	9 traces of measurement data (MEAS) and reference data (REF 1 to 8)
Auto scaling	This function automatically optimizes the graph display scale.(on or off)
Marker display	Markers are displayed on a graph, and the data at a marker position is displayed as a numerical value.
Marker search function Search items	Max, Min: Search for the maximum and minimum values. Peak, Bottom: Search for the peak (maximal) and bottom (minimal) values. Next Peak: Search for the next peak. Next Bottom: Search for the next bottom. Prev Peak: Search for the previous peak. Prev Bottom: Search for the previous bottom. Value: Search for the marker value. Δ Value: Search for the difference between the reference marker and search marker values. X Value: Search for the sweep parameter. BW1: Display the passband gain and cutoff frequency. BW2: Display the center frequency and pass bandwidth. BW3: Display the notch frequency and notch bandwidth. *A search can be performed automatically at the end of sweep measurement.

▼ Memory

Measurement conditions	32 sets (per measurement mode)
Measurement data (MEAS)	Data from sweep measurement Up to 32 sets of data can be saved to the internal storage of this instrument.
Reference data (REF)	Data (up to 8 sets) that can be displayed on a graph together with measurement data (MEAS) This can be measurement data or data copied from a USB memory device. The display can be turned on or off.
Error correction data	Open correction, short correction, load correction, open correction at port extension tip, short correction at port extension tip, load correction at port extension tip, equalizing (each 32 sets)

▼ External Memory

Media	USB memory device
Connector	Front panel, USB-A connector
File system	FAT
Saved items	Setting conditions, measurement data (MEAS) and reference data (REF 1 to 8), equivalent circuit estimation results, piezoelectric constant calculation results, and marker information
File format	CSV format
Screen capture function	A screen capture of the LCD screen can be saved to a USB memory device.

▼ External Input/Output Function

- External input, output i unotion		
Interface	GPIB: Standards conformance; IEEE488.1 and IEEE488.2 USB: USB 2.0 High Speed LAN: 10/100 Base-T RS-232: Baud rate 4800 to 230400 bps	
External monitor	For connecting a projector or external monitor, etc. Connector: VGA connector (mini D-sub 15-pin, female) Signal: 800×600 dot (SVGA), analog RGB component video signal	
Reference clock input	Frequency: Within 10 MHz ± 100 ppm Input waveform: Sinusoidal or square Input voltage: 0.5 Vp-p to 5 Vp-p Input impedance: 300 Ω (nominal value), AC coupling	
Reference clock output	Frequency: 10 MHz \pm 10 ppm (when using internal reference clock) Output waveform: 1 Vp-p/50 Ω , square waveform Output impedance: 50 Ω (nominal value), AC coupling	
Handler interface	(This can be used in Measurement modes IMPD-EXT, IMPD-3T and IMPD-2T.) All I/O signals are optically isolated (withstand voltage ±42 V) Input signal: Trigger, setting condition file number Output signal: Sorting results BIN1 to BIN14	
Expansion connector	AUX connector	

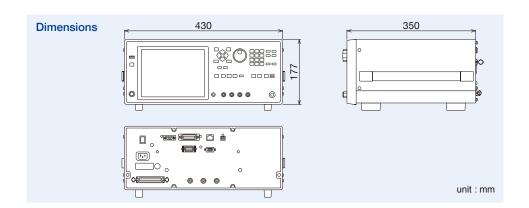
Miscellaneous Specifications

Power input	Voltage: AC 100 V to 230 V \pm 10 %, however 250 V or less Frequency: 50 Hz/60 Hz \pm 2 Hz, Power consumption: Max. 100 VA Overvoltage category II
Environmental conditions	Operation 0 to +40 °C, 5 to 85% RH (However, absolute humidity 1 to 25 g/m³, no condensation)
External dimensions	430 (W) \times 177 (H) \times 350 (D) mm (excluding protruding parts)
Weight	Approx. 7.0 kg
Safety, EMC	EN61010-1, EN61010-2-030 EN61326-1 (Group1, ClassA), EN61326-2-1
RoHS Directive	Directive 2011/65/EU
Warm-up time	At least 30 minutes
Calibration cycle	1 year
Accessories	Instruction Manual (Basics, Advanced and Remote Control), Power cord set (with 3-pin plug, 2 m) × 1, CALIBRATION BOX × 1, 100 Ω RESISTOR × 1





Note: available as option



Note: The contents of this catalog are current as of Dec. 20th, 2019

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