

## Specifications



PX8000<br>Precision Power Scope

## Specifications of PX8000, 760811, 760812, 760813 and 760851

| Item | Specification |
| :---: | :---: |
| Shape | Plug-in Input module Style |
| Module structure | Voltage module, Current module and Auxiliary (AUX) module <br> Power measurement element: each one Voltage module and one Current module <br> Maximum 8 modules (maximum 4 power measurement elements) can be installed <br> AUX module can be installed maximum 3 (at least one power measurement element must be installed). |
| Maximum channel number | 8 ch , combination of Voltage/Current modules and AUX module |
| Maximum record length | Standard 10 M points for each voltage and current regardless of the installed number of modules. |
|  | The memory cannot be combined, each memory of module is individual. |
|  | 50 M points for each voltage and current regardless of the installed number of input modules when /M1 option is installed. |
|  | 100 M points for each voltage and current regardless of the installed number of input modules when / M 2 option is installed. |
| Voltage/Current input modules (760811/760812) Specifications |  |
| Item | Specification |
| Input terminal type | Voltage: Plug-in terminal (Female) |
|  | Current: Direct input: Plug-in terminal (male) |
|  | External current sensor input: isolated BNC (760812) |
| Input format | Voltage: Floating input, resistive voltage divider |
|  | Current: Floating input through shunt |
| Measurement range | Voltage: 1.5/3/6/10/15/30/60/100/150/300/600/1000 Vrms (crest factor=2 at rated range input) |
|  | Current: Direct input (5 A) $10 \mathrm{~m} / 20 \mathrm{~m} / 50 \mathrm{~m} / 100 \mathrm{~m} / 200 \mathrm{~m} / 500 \mathrm{~m} / 1 / 2 / 5$ Arms (Crest factor=2 at rated range input) |
|  | Current: External current sensor input (760812) $50 \mathrm{~m} / 100 \mathrm{~m} / 200 \mathrm{~m} / 500 \mathrm{~m} / 1 / 2 / 5 / 10 \mathrm{Vrms}$ (Crest factor=2 at rated range input) |
| Input impedance | Voltage: Input resistance : Approx. 2 M Ohm Input capacitance: Approx. 10 pF |
|  | Current: - Direct input: <br> 5 A input element: approx. $100 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{Ohm}+$ approx. 0.19 uH <br> - External current sensor input: approx. $1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{Ohm}+$ approx. 17 pF (760812) |
| Instantaneous maximum allowable input (less than 20 ms ) | Voltage: peak value of 2.2 kV or 1.5 kVrms , whichever is less. |
|  | Current: - Direct input (5 A input element): peak value of 30 A or rms value of 15 A , whichever is less - External current sensor input (760812): peak value less than or equal to 10 times the range ( 1 M Ohm ) |
| Instantaneous maximum allowable input (less than 1 s) Instantaneous | Current: - Direct input (5 A input element): peak value of 8.5 A or rms value of 6 A , whichever is less. - External current sensor input (760812): peak value less than or equal to 10 times the range ( 1 M Ohm ) |
| Continuous maximum allowable input | Voltage: peak value of 2 kV or 1.1 kV rms , whichever is less. If input frequency is higher than 100 kHz : less than ( 1100 - f) Vrms, $f$ is the frequency in kHz However, continuous maximum allowable input voltage is bigger than 3 V rms. |
|  | Current: - Direct input (5 A input element): <br> peak value of 8.5 A or rms value of 6 A , whichever is less. <br> - External current sensor input (760812): <br> peak value less than or equal to 4 times the range ( 1 M Ohm ) |
| Continuous maximum common mode voltage <br> Safety Note: | Maximum allowable voltage that can be measured <br> Voltage input terminals: 1000 Vrms <br> Current input terminals: 1000 Vrms <br> Rated voltage of EN61010-2-030 standard: 600 Vrms <br> External current sensor <br> input connector: 600 Vrms <br> Do not touch the inside of the BNC connector of the External Current <br> Sensor input for safety reasons. <br> Current Module (760813) <br> 1000 V CAT II: Rated voltage of EN61010-2-030 |
| Rated voltage to ground | Maximum allowable voltage that can be measured <br> Voltage input terminals: 1000 V <br> Current input terminals: 1000 V <br> Rated voltage of EN61010-2-030 standard: 600 V <br> External current sensor <br> input connector: 600 V <br> Do not touch the inside of the BNC connector of the External Current <br> Sensor input for safety reasons. |
| CMRR <br> (Influence from common mode voltage) | When 1000 Vrms is applied between the input terminal and case with the voltage input terminals shorted, the current input terminals open, and the external current sensor input terminals shorted. <br> - $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}: \pm(0.01 \%$ of range $+5 \mathrm{mV})$ or less. <br> - Reference value for up to 100 kHz : <br> $\pm\{($ maximum rated range $) /($ rated range $) \times 0.001 \times f+0.001 \times f) \%$ of range +5 mV \} or less <br> $0.01 \%$ or greater. The unit of $f$ is kHz . <br> The maximum rated range in the equation is 1000 V . |
|  | When 1000 Vrms is applied between the input terminal and case with the current input terminals open, and the external current sensor input terminals shorted. <br> - $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ : <br> Direct input $\pm(0.01 \%$ of range $+10 \mu \mathrm{~A})$ or less. <br> Sensor input $\pm(0.01 \%$ of range $+25 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ ) or less (760812) <br> - Reference value for up to 100 kHz : <br> $\pm\left\{(\right.$ maximum rated range $) /($ rated range $) \times 0.002 \times f \times 2^{\wedge}(0.5+f / 1000) \%+$ $0.002 \times$ f of range $+10 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ ) or less <br> For external current sensor input, add maximum rated range/rated range $\times$ $\left\{0.003 \times f \times 2^{\wedge}(0.5+f / 5000)+0.003 \times f\right.$ of range $\left.+25 \mu \mathrm{~V}\right\}$ to the value above. $0.01 \%$ or greater. The unit of $f$ is kHz . <br> The maximum rated range in the equation is 5 A , or 10 V . |
| Line filter | Select from OFF, $500 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{kHz}, 20 \mathrm{kHz}$, and 1 MHz . |
| Frequency filter | Select from OFF, $100 \mathrm{~Hz}, 500 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{kHz}$ and 20 kHz . |
| A/D converter | Resolution: 12 bit <br> Conversion ratio (sampling period): Approx. 10 ns. <br> For harmonic measurement, please refer to harmonic function. |
| Maximum sample rate | $100 \mathrm{MS} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Range change | You can set it each module individually. |


| Auto ranging function | Range up <br> - When input rms level is more than $110 \%$ of the range or the peak is more <br> than $200 \%$. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Range down <br> - When input rms level is lower than $30 \%$ of the range rating and peak is <br> less than below range $180 \%$ of the range rating of the lower range. |  |

## Auxiliary (AUX) module (760851) Specification

Item Specification

| Item | Specification |
| :--- | :--- |
| Effective measurement range | 20 div, two times of measurement range |

Number of input channels 2, switchable analog or pulse input

| Input coupling | AC, DC, or GND |
| :--- | :--- |
| Input connector | Isolated BNC |
| Input format | Isolated unbalanced |

Frequency characteristics $\quad \mathrm{DC}$ to $20 \mathrm{MHz}(-3 \mathrm{~dB}$ point when sine wave of amplitude $\pm 3$ div is applied) Voltage-axis sensitivity setting 50 mV to 100 V ( $1-2.5-5$ steps) (when using 1:1 probe attenuation)

## Input impedance $1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{Ohm}, \pm 1 \%$ Approx. 35 pF

-3 dB point when AC coupled 10 Hz or less ( 1 Hz or less when using the $700929,0.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$ or less when low frequency attenuation point using the 701947)
Maximum input voltage Combined with the 700929 (10:1) or 701947 (100:1):
(at 1 kHz or less) $\quad 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ (DC+ACpeak) CAT II
Direct input or cable not complying with the safety standard:
200 V (DC+ACpeak)
Maximum allowable common Working voltage of safety standard
mode voltage Combined with the 700929 (10:1) or 701947 (100:1):2
(at 1 kHz or less) $\quad 1000 \mathrm{Vrms}$ (CAT II)
Direct input or cable not complying with the safety standard:
42 V (DC +ACpeak) (0 and CAT II, 30 V rms)
Influence of common mode $\quad-80 \mathrm{~dB}$ at $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ (with input terminal shorten and $1000 \mathrm{Vrms}(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) voltage (CMRR) $\quad$ applies between input and case)
Bandwidth limit Select from Full, $2 \mathrm{MHz}, 1.28 \mathrm{MHz}, 640 \mathrm{kHz}, 320 \mathrm{kHz}, 160 \mathrm{kHz}, 80 \mathrm{kHz}$, $40 \mathrm{kHz}, 20 \mathrm{kHz}$, and 10 kHz
Cut-off characteristics: $-18 \mathrm{~dB} / \mathrm{OCT}$ (when 2 MHz , Typical
Probe attenuation setting Voltage probe: 1:1, 10:1, 100:1, 1000:1
Auto ranging function Range up
When one of following conditions is satisfied, range is changed to higher - DC input level is more than $110 \%$ of selected range rating

Input peak level is more than $200 \%$ of selected range rating
(when motor mode is OFF)

- Input peak level is more than $145 \%$ of selected range rating (when motor mode is ON)
Range down
When following all conditions are satisfied, range is changed to lower
DC input level is less than $30 \%$ of selected range rating
Input peak level is less than $180 \%$ of less range rating
(when motor mode is OFF)
input peak level is less than $140 \%$ of less range rating
A/D conversion resolution $\quad 12 \mathrm{~b}$
Withstand voltage $\quad 1500$ Vrms for 1 minute (across each terminal and earth) ( 60 Insulation resistance $\quad 500 \mathrm{VDC}, 10 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{Ohm}$ or more (across each input terminal and earth)
Accuracy (analog) DC: $\pm 1 \%$ of range (typical)
Measured under the standard operating conditions. See page. 5, Accuracy
Temperature coefficient (analog) $\pm\left(0.1\right.$ of range $/{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) (typical)
Amplitude Input range (analog) $\pm 110 \%$ of range rated
Amplitude input range (pulse) $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ peak
Frequency measurement $\quad 2 \mathrm{~Hz}$ to 1 MHz
range (pulse)
Judged input amplitude (pulse) H level: -9.9 V to +10.0 V , L level: -10.0 V to +9.9 V
Input waveform (pulse) $\quad 50 \%$ duty cycle square wave
Pulse width (pulse) $\quad 500 \mathrm{~ns}$ or wider
Accuracy (pulse)
500 ns or wider
Accuracy (pulse) $\pm(0.05 \%$ of reading) $\pm 1$ count error (10 ns), Except, the observation time is greater than or equal to 300 times the period of the pulse.

| Item | Specification |
| :---: | :---: |
| Trigger mode | Auto, Auto Level, Normal, Single, N Single, or On Start |
| Selectable trigger level range | $\pm 5$ div of center 0 div; when trigger source is set to voltage, current or power of a power measurement element. <br> $\pm 10$ div of center 0 div; when trigger source is set to AUX module voltage input. |
| Trigger hysteresis | Select from $\pm 0.1$ div, $\pm 0.5$ div, $\pm 1$ div |
| Selectable trigger position range | 0 to 100\% (of the display record length; resolution: 0.1\%) |
| Selectable trigger delay range | 0 to 10 s (resolution: 10 ns ) |
| Selectable hold-off time range | 0 to 10 s (resolution: 10 ns ) |
| Manual trigger key | A dedicated manual trigger key can be used. |
| Simple Trigger |  |
| Trigger source | Un, In, Pn, AUXn, EXT, or Time n=channel number (not when pulse input is selected) |
| Trigger slope | Rising, falling or rising or falling |
| Time Trigger | Date (year, month, and day), time (hour and minute), and time interval ( 10 seconds to 24 hours) |

Enhanced trigger
Trigger source Un, In, Pn, AUXn or EXT (not when pulse input is selected)


Specifications of PX8000, 760811, 760812, 760813 and 760851

| Trigger type | $\mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{B}(\mathrm{N}):$ | After the trigger A conditions are met, the PX8000 triggers when the trigger B conditions are met N times. <br> Count: 1 to 1000 <br> Condition A: Enter/Exit <br> Condition B: Enter/Exit |  | Vector Bar Graph Display (option) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Vector display | Display the phase angle between the fundamental voltage signal and fundamental current signal as a vector |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Bar graph display | Display a bar graph of the amplitude of each harmonics when it is harmonic measurement. |  |  |  |
|  | $\overline{\text { A Delay B: }}$ | After the specified amount of time elapses after the trigger A conditions are met, the PX8000 triggers when the trigger B conditions are first met. <br> Time: 0 to 10 s (resolution: 10 ns ) <br> Condition A: Enter/Exit <br> Condition B: Enter/Exit |  |  | Zoom Display |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Zoom | Expand the displayed waveform along with the time axis (up to 2 separate locations). The zoom position can be automatically scrolled. |  |  |  |
|  | Edge on A : | While the trigger A conditions are met, the period triggers on the OR of multiple trigger source edges. |  | $\frac{\text { FFT Display }}{\text { FFT }}$ | Power spectrum of input | t waveform, Maxi | mum two windo |  |
|  | AND: | The PX8000 triggers on the AND of multiple state conditions. |  | X-Y display |  |  |  |  |
|  | OR: | The PX8000 triggers on the OR of multiple trigger source edges or states (or Window triggers) |  | $X-Y$ Display | The $X$ and $Y$ axes can be selected from Un/ln/Pn/AUXn, MATHn, (Maximum four traces, two windows). |  |  |  |
|  | Pulse Width: | $B<$ Time: | The PX8000 triggers when the time from when the trigger B conditions are met to when they change from being met to not being met is greater than the specified time. <br> Time: 20 ns to 10 s (resolution: 10 ns ) | Functionalities <br> Measurement Function and Conditions |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Crest Factor | Up to 200 (effective minimum input). Up to 2 (at the rated range input) CfU: Voltage crest factor, Cfl: Current crest factor |  |  |  |
|  |  | B>Time: | The PX8000 triggers when the time from when the trigger B conditions are met to when they change from being met to not being met is less than the specified time. <br> Time: 20 ns to 10 s (resolution: 10 ns ) | Measurement period | Measurement period to calculate numerical values <br> - Period of measurement update cycle based on zero crossing or external gate signal source signal <br> - 8192 points for harmonic measurement from specified start cursor |  |  |  |
|  |  | B Time O | : The PX8000 triggers when the trigger B conditions continue to be met for the specified period of time. | Wiring method | 1P2W (Single phase 2 wire), 1P3W (Single phase 3 wire), 3P3W (3 phase 3 wire), 3V3A (3 phase 3 wire, 3 power meter method), 3P4W (3 phase 4 wire) It depends on the quantify and type of the installed modules. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Time: 20 ns to 10 s (resolution: 10 ns ) | Scaling | 0.0001 to 99999.9999 can be set for scaling of VT ratio, CT ratio and power ratio when external current sensor, VT or CT are used for the input Linear scaling function is available for AUX module (760851). |  |  |  |
|  |  | B Betwee | The PX8000 triggers when the period during which the trigger B conditions continue to be met is within the specified time range. <br> Time: T1: 10 ns to 9.99999999 s T2: 20 ns to 10 s (resolution: 10 ns ) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Averaging of numeric value | Normal measurement items, Using one of the following methods perform averaging on the normal measurement items; <br> - Urms, Umn, Udc, Urmn, Uac, Irms, Imn, Idc, Irmn, Iac, P, S, Q <br> - Power factor Lambda, Phase angle Phi, Crest Factor CfU/Cfl, Corrected Power Pc, Efficiency Eta 1to Eta 4 are determined from the averaged Urms, Irms, P, S, and Q <br> - Select either exponential averages or moving averages <br> - Exponential average: Select the attenuation constant from a value between 2 to 64 (Harmonic measurement items, $\mathrm{U}(\mathrm{k}), \mathrm{I}(\mathrm{k}), \mathrm{P}(\mathrm{k}), \mathrm{S}(\mathrm{k})$, and $\mathrm{Q}(\mathrm{k})$ Power factor Lambda(k), Phase angle Phi(k) are determined from the averaged $P(k)$ and $Q(k)$ ). <br> - Moving average: Select the average count from a value between 8 and 64 <br> - Parameters of Z, Rs, Xs, Rp, Xp, Uhdf, Ihdf, Phdf, Uthd, Ithd, Pthd, Uthf, Ithf, Utif, Itif, hvf, hcf, and K-factor are determined from the averaged $U(k), I(k)$, and $P(k)$ <br> - Only Exponential averaging is available for harmonic measurement items Select the attenuation constant from a value between 2 to 64 . |  |  |  |
|  | Period: | The PX8000 triggers when the period during which the trigger B conditions continue to be met is within the specified time range. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | T>Time: | The PX8000 triggers when the period of the trigger T conditions is longer than the specified time. <br> Time: 20 ns to 10 s (resolution: 10 ns ) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | T<Time: | The PX8000 triggers when the period of the trigger T conditions is shorter than the specified time. <br> Time: 20 ns to 10 s (resolution: 10 ns ) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | T1<T<T2: | The PX8000 triggers when the period of the trigger T conditions is within the specified time range. <br> Time T1; 20 ns to 10 s (resolution: 10 ns ) <br> T2; 30 ns to 10 s (resolution: 10 ns ) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Zero level compensation /Null | Zero level can be compensated individually by module Following range can be compensated. <br> Power element: Voltage/Current $\pm 14 \%$ of range <br> AUX module: Analog input $\pm 60 \%$ of range: Pulse input |  |  |  |
|  |  | T<T1, T<T2 | The PX8000 triggers when the period of the trigger T conditions is within the specified time range. <br> Time T1; 20 ns to 10 s (resolution: 10 ns ) <br> T2; 30 ns to 10 s (resolution: 10 ns ) | Frequency measurement | AUX module: Analog input | put $\pm 60 \%$ of rang | e: Pulse input |  |
|  |  |  |  | Item | Specification |  |  |  |
|  | Wave Window: | The PX8000 triggers when the period of the trigger T conditions is within the specified time range. |  | Measurement Item | Normal measurement item; <br> Voltage or current frequencies of all power measurement elements can be measured |  |  |  |
|  | - The trigger A and B conditions can be set to High, Low, or Don't Care for each channel. The AND of the conditions (the parallel pattern) is used to determine the result. <br> - For OR and AND, the condition can be set to High, Low, IN, OUT, or Don't Care for each channel. |  |  | Measurement method | Reciprocal method |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Measurement range Maximum frequency | 10 Hz to 5 MHz , input amplitude is more than $30 \%$ of range |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 5.0000 MHz |  |  |  |  |
|  | Time Base |  |  |  |  | $\pm(0.1 \%$ of reading) <br> Conditions; <br> - Time/div setting is more than $50 \mu \mathrm{~S}$ <br> - At least 5 cycles input should be measured. <br> - "Sampling frequency setting/input frequency" is more than 2.5 <br> -20 kHz frequency filer should be ON when input frequency is lower than 20 kHz . <br> -2 kHz frequency filer should be ON when input frequency is lower than 2 kHz . <br> -500 Hz frequency filer should be ON when input frequency is lower than 500 Hz . <br> -100 Hz frequency filer should be ON when input frequency is lower than 100 Hz . |  |  |  |
| Item | Specificatio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Time axis setting "Time/div" | Time/div setting: $100 \mathrm{~ns} /$ div to $1 \mathrm{~s} /$ div (1-2-5 step), $2 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}, 3 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}, 4 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$, $5 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}, 6 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}, 8 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}, 10 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}, 20 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}, 30 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}, 1 \mathrm{~min} / \mathrm{div}$ and $2 \mathrm{~min} / \mathrm{div}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accuracy of time scale | $\pm 0.005 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| External Clock | Connector style BNC <br> Input level TTL level <br> Effective edge Rising edge <br> Frequency bandwidth Maximum 9.5 MHz , Mimi. pulse width <br> Longer than 50 ns for both High/Low level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Display |  |  |  | Number of displayed digits Frequency Measurement filter | Full 5 digits (99999) |  |  |  |
| Item | Specification |  |  |  | Select of OFF/100 Hz/500 Hz/2 kHz/20 kHz |  |  |  |
| Display | 10.4 inch TFT LCD display |  |  | Harmonics measurement |  |  |  |  |
| Number of dots | $1024 \times 768$ XGA |  |  | Item | Specification |  |  |  |
| Waveform displaying dot size | $801 \times 656$ (Waveform Display) |  |  | Measurement items | All installed Power measurement elements |  |  |  |
| Displaying format | Combination: <br> Maximum 2 types of format can be displayed |  |  | Method | PLL synchronization method (not available for external sampling clock function) |  |  |  |
|  | Numeric 4 ite <br> Custom <br> Wave $1 / 2 / 3$ <br> Bar Single/D <br> Vector Single | /4/6/8/12/16 ual/Triad e/Dual | / 16 items/Matrix/All/Single List/Dual List/ | Frequency range | The range for the fundamental frequency of the PLL source is 20 Hz to 6.4 kHz , and sampling frequency is more than $2 \mathrm{MS} / \mathrm{s}$. <br> Time/div is longer than 2 m seconds/div and Acquisition Time Base is set to "Int". |  |  |  |
|  | ZOOM1 and FFT1 and FF XY1 and XY2 | ZOOM2 (div <br> T2 (divided <br> 2 (divided lo | vided lower display area) <br> lower display area) <br> wer display area) | PLL source | The range of the fundamental frequency of the PLL source is 20 Hz to 409.6 kHz , or 20 Hz to 6.4 kHz when the PLL source is EXT TRIG IN input. Sampling frequency is higher than $2 \mathrm{MS} / \mathrm{s}$. <br> Time/div is longer than $100 \mu$ seconds/div and Acquisition Time Base is set to "Int". |  |  |  |
| Display update | Depends on setting of observation time and record length |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Numerical Display | 0.002\% of the LC | CD screen may | be defective. | FFT data length | 8192, the analysis (calculation) start point can be set freely in the acquisition memory data. <br> The length of the acquisition data must be twice that of the window. |  |  |  |
| Maximum digit of numeric display | Selected full 5 digits (displaying 99999), or 6 digits (999999) |  |  | Window function | Rectangular |  |  |  |
| Number of displayed items | Select from 4, 8, 16, Matrix, All, Single List, Dual List, and Custom |  |  | Anti-aliasing filter <br> FFT Sample rate, window width and upper limits of harmonic analysis | Set as Line filter |  |  |  |
| Waveform Display |  |  |  |  | Fundamental freq. FF | FFT Sample rate | Window width |  |
| Displaying items | Maximum 16 waveforms <br> Voltage, current and power of Element 1 <br> Voltage, current and power of Element 2 (or AUX3 and AUX4 of Element 2) Voltage, current and power of Element 3 (or AUX5 and AUX6 of Element 3) Voltage, current and power of Element 4 (or AUX7 and AUX8 of Element 4) MATH 1 to MATH 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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| Minimum sample rate | Fundamental frequency Minimum Sample rate <br> $20 \mathrm{~Hz} \leq \mathrm{f} \leq 6.4 \mathrm{kHz}$ $2 \mathrm{MS} / \mathrm{S}$ <br> $6.4 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 12.8 \mathrm{kHz}$ $5 \mathrm{MS} / \mathrm{S}$ <br> $12.8 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 25.6 \mathrm{kHz}$ $5 \mathrm{MS} / \mathrm{S}$ <br> $25 \mathrm{kHz} \leq \mathrm{f} \leq 51.2 \mathrm{kHz}$ $10 \mathrm{MS} / \mathrm{S}$ <br> $51.2 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 102.4 \mathrm{kHz}$ $20 \mathrm{MS} / \mathrm{S}$ <br> $102.4 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 204.8 \mathrm{kHz}$ $50 \mathrm{MS} / \mathrm{S}$ <br> $204.8 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 409.6 \mathrm{kHz}$ $100 \mathrm{MS} / \mathrm{S}$ <br> When PLL source is EXT TRIG IN fundamental frequency should be lower than 6.4 k  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Harmonic Accuracy | Conditions; PLL source signal is sine wave and DC component is stable PF=1. <br> Accuracy range of voltage/current and frequency is same as normal measurement Accuracy range. <br> Line filter OFF <br> Add below expression/value to normal measurement accuracy <br> Voltage \& current: $(0.001 \times f+0.001 \times n) \%$ of reading $+0.1 \%$ of range <br> Power: $(0.002 \times f+0.002 \times n) \%$ of reading $+0.2 \%$ of range <br> n : order, f : frequency of the $\mathrm{n}^{\text {th }}$ order <br> When it is voltage input, following values are added. <br> When voltage range is set to 1.5 V to 10 V <br> Voltage: 1.5 mV <br> Power: ( $1.5 \mathrm{mV} /$ voltage rated range) $\times 100 \%$ of range <br> When voltage range is set to 15 V to 100 V <br> Voltage: 15 mV <br> Power: ( $15 \mathrm{mV} /$ voltage rated range) $\times 100 \%$ of range <br> When it is direct current input, following values are added. <br> Current: $50 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ <br> Power: $(50 \mu \mathrm{~A} /$ sensor current rated range $) \times 100 \%$ of range <br> When sensor current range is set to 50 mV to 500 mV , following values are added. <br> Current: $100 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ <br> Power: ( $100 \mu \mathrm{~V} /$ sensor current rated range $) \times 100 \%$ of range <br> When input frequency is over 100 kHz , following values are added. <br> Voltage \& current : $0.3 \%$ of reading <br> Power: $0.6 \%$ of reading <br> When input is $\mathrm{n}^{\text {th }}$ component input, add $(\{\mathrm{n} /(\mathrm{m}+1)\} / 50) \%$ of (the $\mathrm{n}^{\text {th }}$ order reading) to the $(n+m)^{\text {th }}$ order and $(n-m)^{\text {th }}$ order of the voltage and current. And add $(\{\mathrm{n} /(\mathrm{m}+1)\} / 25) \%$ of (the $\mathrm{n}^{\text {th }}$ order reading) to the $(n+m)^{\text {th }}$ order and $(n-m)^{\text {th }}$ order of the power. <br> When the frequency of the PLL source is less than 40 Hz , for $\mathrm{n}^{\text {th }}$ order component input, add following values. <br> Voltage \& current: $(0.003 \times n) \%$ of reading <br> Power: $(0,006 \times n) \%$ of reading <br> When Line filter is ON, add influence of Line filter to accuracy of Line filter OFF. <br> Power accuracy of over 6.5 kHz is designed Values. |


| Item | Specification |
| :---: | :---: |
| Acquisition mode | Normal: Normal waveform data acquisition <br> Envelop: The peak values are held at the maximum sample rate regardless of the Time/div setting. <br> Averaging: The number of times to average can be set to 2 to 65536 in $2^{n}$ steps. |
| Record length | Selection of $100 \mathrm{kpoint} / 250 \mathrm{kpoint} / 500 \mathrm{kpoint} / 1$ Mpoint/ 2.5 Mpoint/ 5 Mpoint/10 Mpoint/25 Mpoint (when/M1 or /M2 installed)/50 Mpoint (when /M1 or /M2 installed)/100 Mpoint (when /M2 installed) |
| Zoom | Expand the displayed waveform along time axis (up to 2 separate locations). The zoom position can be automatically scrolled. |
| Display format | 1/2/3/4/6/8/12, and 16 analog waveform windows |
| Display interpolation | Sampled points can be displayed through the use of dots (OFF), sine interpolation, linear interpolation or pulse interpolation. |
| Graticule | Select of three types of graficule |
| Auxiliary display ON/OFF | Scale values, waveform labels, the extra window, the level indicator, and the numeric display can be turned ON and OFF. |
| $X$-Y Display | The $X$ and $Y$ axes can be selected from Un/In/Pn/AUXn, MATHn (Maximum four traces, two windows). |
| Snapshot | The currently displayed waveforms can be retained on the screen. The Snapshot waveforms can be saved and loaded. |
| Clear trace | The displayed waveform can be cleared. |
| History | Maximum 1000 waveforms, depending on record length Arbitrary one waveform, all waveform or averaged waveform can be displayed. |


| Item | Specification |
| :--- | :--- |
| Channel ON/OFF | Un, In, Pn, AUXn or MATHn can be turned ON and OFF separately |
| ALL CH menu | The setting of the all channels while waveforms are displayed. <br> A USB keyboard or mouse |
| Vertical axis zooming | $\times 0.1$ to $\times 100$ <br> Upper and lower limits can be used to set the scale. |
| Vertical position setting | Waveform can be moved in the range of $\pm 5$ divs from the center of the <br> waveform display frame. |
| Scaling | O.0001 to 99999..9999 can be set for scaling of VT ratio, CT ratio and <br> power ratio when external current sensor, VT or CT are used for the input. |
| Linear scaling | The linear scaling mode can be set separately for each channels (CHn). It <br> can be set to AX+B or P1-P2 for AUX modules. <br> Only when motor measurement is off for an AUX module. |
| Roll mode is enabled automatically when the trigger mode is set to Auto, <br> Auto Level, Single, or On Start, and the time axis setting is greater than or <br> equal to 100 ms/div. |  |

Analysis Functions
$\xrightarrow{\text { Item }}$ Power parameters calculation Specification
Power parameters calculation Calculate Voltage, Current. Power, Delta parameters, frequency and AUX values from captured waveform
Apparent power reactive power and power factor and those Sigma value are calculated from the Voltage, Current and Power values
Zooming and Searching Can search for and then expand and display a portion of the displayed waveform
Can choose from the following search methods
Edge: Searches for rising or falling edges
History search feature

Can search through history waveforms for specified conditions Zone search: Displays waveforms that pass through or do not pass through a specified area on the screen.
Parameters search: Displays a waveform when the result of the automated measurement of its parameters meet the specified conditions

| Cursor measurement | Horizontal, Vertical, H\&V, Degree ( |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cursor measurement (Harmonic measurement) | Re-calculate harmonic parameters using 8192 points data from point of start cursor according to the input frequency |
| Automated measurement of waveform parameters | Automated measurement of waveform parameters Up to 24 items can be displayed <br> P-P, Amp, Max, Min, High, Low, Avg, Mid, Rms, Sdev, +OvrShoot, -OvrShoot, Rise, Fall, Freq, Period, +Width, -Width, Duty, Pulse, Burst1, Burst2, AvgFreq, AvgPeriod, Int1TY, Int2TY, Int1XY, Int2XY, Int1hXY (IntegPower/IntegCurrent) Int2hXY (IntegPower/IntegCurrent) |
| Statistical processing | Application items: Automated measurement values of waveform parameters <br> Statistical items: Max, Min, Avg, Sdv, and Cnt Maximum number of cycles: 64000 cycles (when the number of parameters is 1) Maximum total number of parameters: 64000 Maximum measurement range: 100 M points |
| Normal statistical processing | Statistical processing is performed while waveforms are acquired. |
| Cyclic statistical processing | Automatically measures the waveform parameters of the data in the acquisition memory and performs statistical processing on the parameters once per cycle period. |
| Statistical processing of the history data | Automatically measures the waveform parameters of each history waveform and performs statistical processing on the parameters. |
| User defined computation (MATH) | Maximum 8 expressions for waveforms MATH1 to MATH8, Maximum 4 M points of total, Regarding Digital filter function, please refer to waveform calculation (digital filter) <br> Expressions can be created through the combination of the following operations and constants for waveforms. <br> $+,-,{ }^{*}, /$, SHIFT, ABS, SQRT, LOG, EXP, NEG, SIN, COS, TAN, ATAN, PH, DIF, DDIF, INTG, IINTG, BIN, SQR, CUBE, F1, F2, FV, PWHH, PWHL, PWLH, PWLL, PWXX, DUTYH, DUTYL, FILT1, FILT2, HLBT, MEAN, LS-, PS-, PSD-, CS-, TF-, CH-, MAG, LOGMAG, PHASE, REAL, IMAG, TREND, TRENDM, TRENDD, TRENDF, _HH, _LL, _XX and ZC |
| User defined computation (numeric) | Expressions can be created through the combination of the following operations for numeric values, Maximum 20 expressions, F1 to F20. +, -, *, /, ABS, SQRT, SQR, LOG, LOG10, EXP and NEG |
| Efficiency equation | Up to 4 efficiencies can be displayed by setting the items to measure with the efficiency equations |
| De-skew function | Compensate the phase difference between voltage and current modules of a power measurement element |
| GO/NO-GO determination | The following two types of GO/NO-GO determination are available <br> - Determination using zones on the screen <br> - Determination using the automated measurement values of waveform parameters <br> The following operations can be performed at the time of determination: Output of screen, WDF binary capture data, saving of waveform data (to binary, ASCII, or floating-point), or sounding of a notification buzzer. |
| Recalculation of numeric parameters | Recalculation of numeric parameters can be done after changing the calculation condition |
| File Functions |  |
| Item | Specification |
| Save | Setup data, Waveform data (including History data), numeric data and image data can be saved external media |
| Read | Waveform data (including History data up to 1000 waveform) and setup data |

## FFT Function

| Item | Specification |
| :--- | :--- |
| Waveform to be computed | Un, In, Pn, AUXn and MATHn |
| Number of channels | 2 |
| Computation range | From the specified computation start point until the specified number of | points have been computed.


| Computed points | $1 \mathrm{k}, 2 \mathrm{k}, 5 \mathrm{k}, 10 \mathrm{k}, 20 \mathrm{k}, 50 \mathrm{k}$, or 100 k |
| :--- | :--- |
| Time windows | Rectargular, Hanning, Hamming, Flat top, or Exponential <br> When the Exponential time window is selected, the following settings |

When the Exponential time window is selected, the following settings
Damping rate: The weight of the last data point, with the weight of the first data point in the specified number of FFT points taken to be $100 \%$
Selectable range: 1 to $100 \%$
Resolution: 1\%
Force: Set the area over which computation is performed in terms of a percentage from the first FFT point, taking the number of FFT points to
be $100 \%$. be $100 \%$.
Selectable range: 1 to $100 \%$
Resolution: 14
Force2: The setting applies to the output (response) signal (second parameter) of a two-waveform FFT
Selectable range: 1 to $100 \%$
Resolution: 1\%
Displaying window The FFT computation results are displayed in a separate window independent from the normal waveform display Display range: Set the display range by setting Center and Sensitivity

Built-in Printer (/B5 Option)

| Item | Specification |
| :--- | :--- |
| Print system | Thermal line dot system |
| Dot density | 8 dot $/ \mathrm{mm}$ |
| Sheet width | 112 mm |
| Effective print width | 104 mm (832 dots) |
| Used for | Producing a hard copy of the screen |

## Storage Functions

SD Card

| Item | Specification |
| :--- | :--- |
| Number of slot | 1 |
| Maximum capacity | 16 GB |
| Supported cards | SD and SDHC compliant memory card |
| Compatible USB storage <br> devices | Mass storage devices that are compliant with USB Mass Storage Class <br> Ver. 1.1 |
| Maximum |  |

## USB Peripheral Interface

Item Specification

Number of ports

Specifications of PX8000, 760811, 760812, 760813 and 760851

| Connector type | USB type A (receptacle) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Electrical and mechanical specifications | USB Rev. 2.0 compliant |
| Supported transfer mode | HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps$)$, FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps ), and LS Low Speed, 1.5 Mbps ) |
| Power supply | $5 \mathrm{~V}, 500 \mathrm{~mA}$ for each port |
| Input/Output EXT TRIG IN |  |
| Item | Specification |
| Connector type | BNC |
| Input level | TTL |
| Minimum pulse width | 100 ns |
| Detected edge | Rising or falling |
| Trigger delay time | Within $100 \mathrm{~ns}+1$ sample |
| EXT TRG OUT |  |
| Item | Specification |
| Connector type | BNC |
| Output level | 5 VCMOS |
| Logic | Low when a trigger occurs and high after acquisition is completed. |
| Trigger delay time | Within $100 \mathrm{~ns}+1$ sample |
| Output hold time | 100 ns or more |
| EXT CLK IN |  |
| Item | Specification |
| Connector type | BNC |
| Input level | TTL |
| Minimum pulse width | 50 ns |
| Detected edge | Rising |
| Sampling jitter | Within $100 \mathrm{~ns}+1$ sample |
| Frequency range | Maximum 9.5 MHz |
| Video Output |  |
| Connector type | D-Sub 15 pin receptacle |
| Output format | Analog RGB |
| Output resolution | XGA-compliant output $1024 \times 768$ dots <br> Approx. 60 Hz Vsync (dot clock frequency: 66 MHz ) |
| GO/NO-GO Determination I/O |  |
| Connector type | RJ-11 modular jack |
| Input level | TTL or contact |
| Output level | 5 V CMOS |
| External Start/Stop Input |  |
| Connector type | RJ-11 modular jack |
| Input level | TTL or contact |
| Comp Output |  |
| Output signal frequency | $1 \mathrm{kHz} \pm 1 \%$ |
| Output amplitude | $1 \mathrm{Vp}-\mathrm{p} \pm 10 \%$ |


| Functional specification | SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PPO, DC1, DT0, and C0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Protocol | IEEE St'd 488.2-1992 |
| Code | ISO (ASCII) |
| Mode | Addressable mode |
| Address | Talker and listener addresses can be specified from 0 to 30. |
| Remote mode release | Remote mode can be cleared with the SHIFT + CLEAR TRACE key <br> (except during Local Lockout). |
| Ethernet | 1 |
| Ports RJ-45 modular jack <br> Connector type IEEE802.3 <br> Electrical and mechanical  <br> specifications Ethernet (1000BASE-T, 100BASE-TX or 10BASE-T) <br> Transmission system TCP/IP <br> Communication protocols DHCP, DNS, SNTP, FTP server and client, and VXI-11 <br> Supported services 1 <br> USB USB type B receptacle <br> Number of ports USB Rev. 2.0 compliant <br> Connector type HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps) and FS (Full Speed, 12 Mbps) <br> specifical and mechanical USBTMC-USB488 (USB Test and Measurement Class Ver. 1.0) <br> Supported transfer modes APC with a USB port, running the English or Japanese version of <br> Supported protocols Windows7 (32 bit), Windows Vista (32 bit)  |  |

## Display Items

| Normal | Measurement functions for each channel (Power measurement element) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Voltage (V) | Urms: true rms value, Umn: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Udc: simple average value, Urmn; rectified mean value, Uac: AC component |
| Current (A) | Irms: true rms value, Imn: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: simple average value, Irmn; rectified mean value, lac: AC component |
| Active Power (W) | P |
| Apparent Power (VA) | S: selectable of Urms $\times 1 \mathrm{rms}, \mathrm{Umn} \times \mathrm{Imn}, \mathrm{Udc} \times \mathrm{Idc}, \mathrm{Urmn} \times \mathrm{Irmn}$ or Umn $\times 1 \mathrm{rms}$ |
| Reactive Power (Var) | Q |
| Power Factor | Lambda (P/S) |
| Phase Angle (deg) | Phi ( cos $^{-1} \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{S}$ ) |
| Frequency (Hz) ${ }^{1}$ | fU: Voltage frequency <br> fl: Current frequency (when it is lower frequency of the range, customer can select Error or 0 for the data) |
| Voltage Peak value of $\pm$ ( V ) | U+pk: Voltage maximum +peak value during one update period U-pk: Voltage maximum -peak value during one update period |
| Current Peak value of $\pm$ (A) | I+pk: Current maximum +peak value during one update period I-pk: Current maximum -peak value during one update period |
| Instant Power Peak value of $\pm(\mathrm{W})$ | P+pk: Instant Power maximum +peak value during one update period P-pk: Instant Power maximum - peak value during one update period |
| Crest Factor | CfU: Voltage crest factor, Cfl: Current crest factor |
| Corrected Power (W) | Pc: IEC76-1 (1976), IEEE C57.12.90-1993, or IEC76-1 (1993) |

Probe Power Output (/P4 Option)
Number of output terminals 4
Output voltage $\pm 12 \mathrm{Vdc}$
Output current Total maximum of 1 A
Sensor Power Output (/PD2 option)

| Number of output terminals | 4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output voltage | +15 V |

Output current Maximum of $1.8 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{CH}$
Time Sync Signal Input (IRIG: /C20 option)

| Input connector | BNC |
| :--- | :--- |
| Number of input connectors | 1 |
| Supported IRIG signals | A002, B002, A132 and B122 |
| Input impedance | Can be switched between 50 Ohm and 5 k Ohm. |
| Maximum input voltage | $\pm 8 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Used for | Synchronizing the PX8000 time |
| Synchronizing the sample clock |  |
| Cock sync range | $\pm 80$ ppm |
| Post-sync accuracy | No drift from the input signal |


| Allowable maximum current | 36 A |
| :---: | :---: |
| Withstand voltage | 1000 V CAT III |
| Contact resistance | Less than 10 m Ohm |
| Material of contact | Brass and bronze with Nickel surface coat |
| Insulator | Polyamide (Voltage), polypropylene (Current) |
| Diameter of wire | Maximum 1.8 mm (Voltage), 2.5 mm (Current) |
| thickness of covering | Maximum 3.9 mm (Voltage), 4.0 mm (Current) |
| GP-IB |  |
| Usable devices | National Instruments Corporation PCI-GPIB or $\mathrm{PCl}-\mathrm{GPIB}+$ PCle-GPIB or PICe-GPIB + PCMCIA-GPIB or PCMCIA-GPIB+ GPIB-USB-HS Use driver NI-488.2M Ver. 1.60 or later |
| Connector type | 24-pin connector |
| Electrical specification | Complies with IEEE St'd 488-1978 (JIS C 1901-1987) |


| Sigma Items | Symbol and meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| Item | Sigma Measurement functions for both A and B wiring systems (power <br> element combination) |
| Voltage (V) | UrmsSigima: true rms value, UmnSigma: rectified mean value calibrated <br> rms value, UdcSigma: simple average value, UrmnSigma; rectified mean <br> value, UacSigma: AC component |
| Current (A) | IrmsSigma: true rms value, ImnSigma: rectified mean value calibrated rms <br> value, IdcSigma: simple average value, IrmnSigma; rectified mean value, <br> lacSigma: AC component |
| Active Power (W) | PSigma |
| Apparent Power (VA) | SSigma (depends on Type, 1, 2 or 3) |
| Reactive Power (Var) | QSigma (depends on Type, 1, 2 or 3) |
| Power Factor | LambdaSigma |
| Phase Angle (deg) | PhiSigma |
| Corrected Power (W) | PcSigma: IEC76-1 (1976), IEEE C57.12.90-1993, or IEC76-1(1993) |
| Efficiency 1 to 4 | Eta 1 to Eta 4 by setting of user |

## Harmonic analysis function (/G5 Option)

Item Symbol and meaning
Harmonics Measuring functions of Harmonic analysis
Voltage $(\mathrm{V}) \quad \mathrm{U}$ (k): $k$-th order ${ }^{14}$ voltage true rms value, U : total ${ }^{2}$ voltage true rms value
Current (A) I (k): $k$-th order current true rms value, I: total current true rms value
Active Power (W) $\quad \mathrm{P}(\mathrm{k})$ : $k$-th order active power value, P : total active power value
Apparent Power (VA) $\quad \mathrm{S}(\mathrm{k}):$ k-th order apparent power value, S : total apparent power value

|  | When $k=0$, it shows $D C$ component |
| :--- | :--- |
| Reactive Power (Var) | $Q(k): k$-th order reactive power value, $Q:$ total reactive power value |

Power Factor Lambda(k): $k$-th order power factor value, Lambda: total power factor value
Phase Angle (deg) Phi (k): Phase angle between $k$-th order voltage and current, Phi: Phase
Phi (k): $\begin{aligned} & \text { Phase angle between } k \text {-th order voltage and current, Phi: } \\ & \text { angle of current refers to voltage waveform }\end{aligned}$
Phiu (k): Phase angle of $k$-th order voltage refers to the fundamental
PhiU (k): Phase angle of $k$-th order voltage refers to the fundamental
voltage $U$ (1)
Phil (k): Phase angle
(k). Phase angle of $k$-th order current refers to the fundamental
current 1 (1)

Impedance of load circuit (Ohm) Z(k): Impedance of load circuit of th k -th order harmonic waveform

## Specifications of PX8000, 760811, 760812, 760813 and 760851

| Resistance and reactance of load circuit (Ohm) | Rs (k): Resistance of load circuit of $k$-th order harmonic waveform when resistor $R$, inductor $L$ and capacitor $C$ are connected in series <br> Xs (k): Reactance of load circuit of $k$-th order harmonic waveform when resistor $R$, inductor $L$ and capacitor $C$ are connected in series <br> Rp (k): Resistance of load circuit of $k$-th order harmonic waveform when resistor $R$, inductor $L$ and capacitor $C$ are connected in parallel <br> Xp (k): Reactance of load circuit of $k$-th order harmonic waveform when resistor $R$, inductor $L$ and capacitor $C$ are connected in parallel |
| :---: | :---: |
| Harmonic distortion factor [\%] | Undf (k): Ratio of $k$-th order voltage value of the voltage value, $\mathrm{U}(1)$ or U Ihdf (k): Ratio of k -th order current value of the current value, I (1) or I Phdf (k): Ratio of $k$-th order power value of the power value, $P(1)$ or $P$ |
| Total harmonic distortion [\%] | Uthd: Ratio of the total harmonic voltage ${ }^{33}$ of the voltage value, $\mathrm{U}(1)$ or U Ithd: Ratio of the total harmonic current of the current value, I (1) or I Pthd: Ratio of the total harmonic power of the power value, $\mathrm{P}(1)$ or P |
| Telephone harmonic factor ${ }^{4}$ (IEC34-1 (1996)) | Uthf: Telephone harmonic factor of voltage Ithf: Telephone harmonic factor of current |
| Telephone influence factor ${ }^{\text {4 }}$ <br> (IEEE Std 100 (1996)) | Utif: Telephone influence factor of voltage Itif: Telephone influence factor of current |
| Harmonic voltage factor ${ }^{4}$ <br> (IEC34-1 (1996)) | hvf: Harmonic voltage factor |
| Harmonic current factor ${ }^{*}$ (similar method of hvf) | hcf: Harmonic current factor |
| Frequency of PLL source | fU or fl, frequency of PLL source, voltage (fU) or current (fl) Shows [-------] when the PLL source is not set. |
| K-factor | K-factor |
| *1 Harmonic order k is the an integer limit is determined automatically ac <br> *2 The total value is determined from limit of harmonics analysis). The DC <br> *3 Total harmonic values are determin <br> *4 The expression may vary dependin | rom 0 to the upper limit of harmonic analysis. The 0 -th order is the DC component. The upper cording to the PLL source frequency. It can go up to the 500th harmonic order. he fundamental waveform (1st order) and all harmonic components (2nd order to the upper component can also be included. <br> drom all harmonic components (the 2nd order to the upper limit of harmonic analysis) on the definitions in the standard IEC or IEEE. Please refer to the Function sheet. |
| Sigma ltems |  |
| Item | Symbol and the meaning |
| Harmonic | Sigma Measurement functions for both $A$ and $B$ wiring systems (power element combination) |
| Voltage (V) | USigma (k): $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{k} \text { is 1, fundamental voltage true rms value, or } \mathrm{k} \text { is total, } \\ & \text { total voltage true rms value }\end{aligned}$ |
| Current (A) | ISigma (k): $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{k} \text { is 1, fundamental current true rms value, or } \mathrm{k} \text { is total, } \\ & \text { total current true rms value }\end{aligned}$ |
| Active Power (W) | PSigma (k):k is 1, fundamental active power value, or $k$ is total, <br> total active power value |
| Apparent Power (VA) | SSigma (k): $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{k} \text { is 1, fundamental apparent power value, or k is total } \\ & \text { apparent power value }\end{aligned}$ |
| Reactive Power (Var) | QSigma (k): $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{k} \text { is 1, fundamental reactive power value, or } k \text { is total, } \\ & \text { total reactive power value }\end{aligned}$ |
| Power Factor | LambdaSigma $(\mathrm{k})$ : k is 1 , fundamental power factor value, or k is total, total power factor value |
| *The total value is determined from th limit of harmonics analysis). The DC value are calculated. | fundamental waveform (1st order) and all harmonic components (2nd order to the upper component can also be included. As for Sigma values, only Total values and fundamental |
| Phase items |  |
| Item | Symbol and the meaning |
| Harmonic | Measurement functions of phase angles among power elements |
| Phase angle U1-U 2 (deg) | PhiU1-U2: Phase angle of power element 2 fundamental voltage (U2 (1)) refers to the power element 1 fundamental voltage (U1 (1)) |
| Phase angle U1-U3 (deg) | PhiU1-U3: Phase angle of power element 3 fundamental voltage (U3 (1)) refers to the power element 1 fundamental voltage (U1 (1)) |
| Phase angle U1-11 (deg) | PhiU1-11: Phase angle of power element 1 fundamental current (11 (1)) refers to the power element 1 fundamental voltage (U1 (1)) |
| Phase angle U2-12 (deg) | PhiU2-12: Phase angle of power element 2 fundamental current (12 (1)) refers to the power element 2 fundamental voltage (U2 (1)) |
| Phase angle U3-13 (deg) | PhiU3-13: Phase angle of power element 3 fundamental current ( $13(1)$ ) refers to the power element 3 fundamental voltage (U3(1)) |
| Phase angle 11-12 (deg) | Phil1-12: Phase angle of power element 2 fundamental current (12(1)) refers to the power element 1 fundamental voltage (11(1)) |
| Phase angle 12-13 (deg) | Phil2-13: Phase angle of power element 3 fundamental current (13 (1)) refers to the power element 2 fundamental voltage (12 (1)) |
| Phase angle 13-11 (deg) | Phil3-11: Phase angle of power element 1 fundamental current (11 (1)) refers to the power element 3 fundamental voltage ( $(13$ (1)) |
| Delta Function |  |
| Item | Symbol and the meaning |
| Delta | Measurement function of Delta calculation by each Sigma wiring system |
| Voltage [V] | Delta U1 to Delta U3, and Delta Usigma <br> Difference: differential voltage calculation of U1 to U2, <br> 3P3W -> 3V3A: Line to Line voltage calculation between U1 and U2 <br> DELTA -> STAR: Phase voltages calculation by Line to Line voltages <br> STAR -> DELTA: Line to Line voltage calculation by Phase voltages |
| Current [ A ] | Deltal <br> Difference: differential current calculation of 11 to I 2 , 3P3W -> 3V3A: Phase current calculation excepting I1 and I2 DELTA -> STAR: Neutral current calculation by Phase currents STAR -> DELTA: Neutral current calculation by Phase currents |
| Power [W] | Delta P1 to Delta P3, and Delta P Sigma <br> DELTA -> STAR: Phase powers calculation by 3V3A wiring <br> * Calculate each Sigma function |
| AUX analysis function Torque and Speed input |  |
| When motor mode is on |  |
| Item | Symbols and Meanings |
| Rotating speed <br> Torque <br> Monitor output (W) | Speed: Motor rotating speed <br> Torque: Motor torque <br> Pm: Motor's mechanical output (mechanical power) |
| When motor mode is off |  |
| Item | Symbols and Meanings |
| Auxiliary input | Aux3 to Aux8 |

## - Maximum display (OL conversion)

Analog: Displays up to $140 \%$ of the range rating
Overload display [-OL-] appears if $140 \%$ is exceeded.
Pulse: Displays up to 2 MHz (OF display at 10 GHz or higher if scaling is used)

## - Minimum display (zero suppression)

Analog: None
Pulse: Displays pulse frequency down to 1.8 Hz
Frequencies less than 1.8 Hz are suppressed to zero.
AUX1, AUX2 $\quad A(X \times N U L L)+B$
A: slope of the external signal
X: average value of the external signal's input voltage
(AVG [AUX_input1(n)])
B: offset
NULL: null value
$A(X \times N U L L)+B$
A: slope of the external signa
X: Pulse $[\mathrm{Hz}]$
B: offset
B: offset
If the pulse level is lower than the measurement lower limit, "Error" or " 0 " can be selectable.
Accuracy
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Accuracy } & \text { Conditions } & \text { Accuracy: Within } 6 \text { months after calibration } \\ \text { (at } 6 \text { months) } & & \text { - Standard operating conditions (Temperature: } 23^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} . \text { Humidily: }\end{array}$
$30 \%$ RH to $75 \%$ RH.)
After the warm-up ti
Input signal: Sine wave has elapsed

- Common mode voltage: o
- Time/div is set to longer than $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$

Frequency filter ON when input frequency is lower than 1 kHz Line filter: OFF

- Sampling points: 5 points/cycle at least
$f$ is the frequency.
- Input signal is 5 cycles or less and there are 10 k points of sampled data or more observation time.
If input signal is not 5 cycles and number of sampling data is not 10 k
points, add following values (reference value)
(Reading error/10) $\times(5 /$ measured cycle number $) \times(10 \mathrm{k} /$ sampling point number)\% of reading
Frequency Accuracy
DC: $\pm(0.2 \%$ of reading $+0.2 \%$ of range $)$

$\begin{array}{ll}10 \mathrm{~Hz} \leq f< & 45 \mathrm{~Hz}: \pm(0.2 \% \text { of reading }+0.1 \% \text { of range }) \\ 45 \mathrm{~Hz} \leq f \leq \quad 1 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(0.1 \% \text { of reading }+0.1 \% \text { of range })\end{array}$
$1 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 10 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(0.1 \%$ of reading $+0.1 \%$ of range)
$10 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 50 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(0.2 \%$ of reading $+0.2 \%$ of range)
$50 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 100 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(0.6 \%$ of reading $+0.4 \%$ of range)
$100 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 200 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(0.6 \%$ of reading $+0.4 \%$ of range)
$200 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 400 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(1 \%$ of reading $+0.4 \%$ of range)
$400 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 500 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm((0.1+0.003 \times \mathrm{P}) \%$ of reading $+0.4 \%$ of range $)$
$1 \mathrm{MHz}<f \leq 10 \mathrm{MHz}=\left(0.1+0.003 \times \mathrm{f}^{*}\right) \%$ of reading $+4 \%$ of range $)$
$10 \mathrm{Mz}<1 \leq 10 \mathrm{Mz}:=10.1+0.003 \times \mathrm{f})$ ofreang $+4 \%$ of range
Measurement bandwidth $20 \mathrm{MHz}(-3 \mathrm{~dB}$, Typical)
Accuracy over 1 MHz is design value
Direct (up to 5A)
Frequency Accuracy
$0.1 \mathrm{~Hz}<\mathrm{f}<\quad \mathrm{HC}: \pm(0.2 \%$ of reading $+0.2 \%$ of range $)+20 \mu \mathrm{~A}$
$\begin{array}{lll}0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} \leq f< & 10 \mathrm{~Hz}: \pm(0.2 \% \text { of reading }+0.2 \% \text { of range }) \\ 10 \mathrm{~Hz} \leq f< & 45 \mathrm{~Hz}: \pm(0.2 \% \text { of reading }+0.1 \% \text { of range })\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}10 \mathrm{~Hz} \leq f \leq & 45 \mathrm{~Hz}: \pm(0.2 \% \text { of reading }+0.1 \% \text { of range) } \\ 45 \mathrm{~Hz} \leq f \leq \quad 1 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(0.1 \% \text { of reading }+0.1 \% \text { of range) }\end{array}$
$45 \mathrm{~Hz} \leq \mathrm{f} \leq \quad 1 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(0.1 \%$ of reading $+0.1 \%$ of range)
$1 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq \quad 10 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(0.1 \%$ of reading $+0.1 \%$ of range $)$
$10 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 50 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(0.2 \%$ of reading $+0.2 \%$ of range $)$
$50 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 100 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(0.6 \%$ of reading $+0.4 \%$ of range)
$100 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 200 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(0.6 \%$ of reading $+0.4 \%$ of range $)$
$200 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 400 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(1 \%$ of reading $+0.4 \%$ of range)
$400 \mathrm{kHz}<f \leq 500 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm\left(\left(0.1+0.004 \times \mathrm{f}^{*}\right) \%\right.$ of reading $+0.4 \%$ of range $500 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 1 \mathrm{MHz}: \pm\left(0.1+0.004 \times \mathrm{f}^{*}\right) \%$ of reading $+4 \%$ of range $)$
-Measurement bandwidth $10 \mathrm{MHz}(-3 \mathrm{~dB}$, Typical)
Sensor Frequency Accuracy (760812)
$D C: \pm(0.2 \%$ of reading $+0.2 \%$ of range $)+50 \mu \mathrm{~V}$
$0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} \leq \mathrm{f}<\quad 10 \mathrm{~Hz}: \pm(0.2 \%$ of reading $+0.2 \%$ of range)
$10 \mathrm{~Hz} \leq \mathrm{f}<\quad 45 \mathrm{~Hz}: \pm(0.2 \%$ of reading $+0.1 \%$ of range $)$
$45 \mathrm{~Hz} \leq \mathrm{f} \leq \quad 1 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(0.1 \%$ of reading $+0.1 \%$ of range)
$1 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 10 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(0.1 \%$ of reading $+0.1 \%$ of range $)$
$10 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 50 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(0.2 \%$ of reading $+0.2 \%$ of range)
$50 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 100 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(0.6 \%$ of reading $+0.4 \%$ of range)
$100 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 200 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(0.6 \%$ of reading $+0.4 \%$ of range)
$200 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 400 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(1 \%$ of reading $+0.4 \%$ of range)
$400 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 500 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm\left(0.1+0.003 \times \mathrm{f}^{+}\right) \%$ of reading $+0.4 \%$ of range $)$
$500 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 1 \mathrm{MHz}: \pm\left(\left(0.1+0.003 \times \mathrm{f}^{+}\right) \%\right.$ of reading $+4 \%$ of range)
$1 \mathrm{MHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 10 \mathrm{MHz}: \pm\left(0.1+0.003 \times \mathrm{f}^{*}\right) \%$ of reading $+4 \%$ of range $)$
- Measurement bandwidth $20 \mathrm{MB}(-3 \mathrm{~dB}$, Typical)

Accuracy over 1 MHz is design value
Direct (up to 5A) Accuracy
Frequency
C: $\pm(0.2 \%$ of reading $+0.4 \%$ of range) $+20 \mu \mathrm{~A} \times \mathrm{U}$
$0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} \leq f<\quad 10 \mathrm{~Hz}: \pm(0.2 \%$ of reading $+0.2 \%$ of range)
$10 \mathrm{~Hz} \leq f<\quad 45 \mathrm{~Hz}: \pm(0.2 \%$ of reading $+0.1 \%$ of range $)$
$45 \mathrm{~Hz} \leq f \leq \quad 1 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(0.1 \%$ of reading $+0.1 \%$ of range $)$ $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq \quad 10 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(0.1 \% \text { of reading }+0.16 \% \text { of range }) \\ & 10 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 50 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(0.2 \% \text { of reading }+0.2 \% \text { of range })\end{aligned}$ $50 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 100 \mathrm{kHz}:+(0.6 \%$ of reading $+0.4 \%$ of range) $50 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 100 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(0.6 \%$ of reading $+0.4 \%$ of range)
$100 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 200 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(1.5 \%$ of reading $+0.6 \%$ of range $)$ $100 \mathrm{kHz}<f \leq 200 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(1.5 \%$ of reading $+0.6 \%$ of range) $400 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 500 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm\left(\left(0.1+0.006 \times \mathrm{f}^{*}\right) \%\right.$ of reading $+0.6 \%$ of range $)$ $500 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 1 \mathrm{MHz}: \pm\left(\left(0.1+0.006 \times \mathrm{f}^{*}\right) \%\right.$ of reading $+6 \%$ of range $)$

Sensor Frequency Accuracy (760812)
$D C: \pm(0.2 \%$ of reading $+0.4 \%$ of range $)+50 \mu \mathrm{~V} \times \mathrm{U}$ $0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} \leq f<\quad 10 \mathrm{~Hz}: \pm(0.2 \%$ of reading $+0.2 \%$ of range $)$ $10 \mathrm{~Hz} \leq \mathrm{f}<\quad 45 \mathrm{~Hz}: \pm(0.2 \%$ of reading $+0.1 \%$ of range $)$ $1 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq \quad 10 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(0.1 \%$ of reading $+0.16 \%$ of range $)$
$10 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 50 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(0.2 \%$ of reading $+0.2 \%$ of range)
$50 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 100 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(0.6 \%$ of reading $+0.4 \%$ of range $)$
$100 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 200 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(1.5 \%$ of reading $+0.6 \%$ of range $)$
$200 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 400 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm(1.5 \%$ of reading $+0.6 \%$ of range) $400 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq 500 \mathrm{kHz}: \pm\left(0.1+0.004 \times \mathrm{f}^{*}\right) \%$ of reading $+0.6 \%$ of range $)$ $500 \mathrm{kHz}<\mathrm{f} \leq \quad 1 \mathrm{MHz}: \pm\left(\left(0.1+0.004 \times \mathrm{f}^{*}\right) \%\right.$ of reading $+6 \%$ of range $)$
is unt of fin the equation for the reading error is (kHz).
U is voltage reading value.

## Specifications of PX8000, 760811, 760812, 760813 and 760851

Conditions;
Add $\pm(0.2 \%$ of reading) to Current accuracy when Sensor current input range is 50 mV to 500 mV , Direct current input range is 10 mA to 200 mA and input signal frequency is 1 kHz to 50 kHz . Add $\pm(0.2 \%$ of reading) to Power accuracy when Sensor current input range is 50 mV to 500 mV and input signal frequency is 7 kHz to 50 kHz .
Add (Rated range/Maximum rated range) $\times 0.005 \times f$ of reading, when input voltage is over 400 Vrms (f unit: kHz )
nfluence of input level
When input level is $110 \%$ to $140 \%$ of range with sine waveform, reading error is twice.
infle of range with DC waveform, reading erroris twice
Influence of temperature changes after zero-level compensation or range change
Add $20 \mu \mathrm{~A} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to Direct current accuracy for DC
Add $50 \mu \mathrm{~V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to Sensor current accuracy
Add additional voltage value $(\mathrm{V}) \times$ additional current value $(\mathrm{A})$ to Power accuracy for DC
Influence of self-generated heat caused by voltage input
Add the following values to the voltage and power accuracies:
AC input signal: $0.0000001 \times \mathrm{U}^{2} \%$ of reading
DC input signal: $0.0000001 \times \mathrm{U}^{2} \%$ of reading $+0.0000001 \times \mathrm{U}^{2} \%$ of range
Even if the voltage input decreases, the influence from self-generated heat continues until the temperature of the input resistor decreases
Influence of self-generated heat caused by current input
Add the following values to the current and power accuracies
DC input signal: $0.006 \times 1^{2} \%$ of reading $0.006 \times 1^{2} \%$ of reading $+0.004 \times 1^{2} \mathrm{~mA}$
1 is the current reading (A).
Add the following values to the current and power accuracies
AC input signal: $0.0000001 \times \mathrm{U}^{2} \%$ of reading
$0.006 \times 1^{2} \%$ of reading
DC input signal: $0.0000001 \times U^{2} \%$ of reading $+0.0000001 \times U^{2} \%$ of range

$J$ is the voltage reading $(\mathbb{I}, I$ is the current reading $(A)$
Even if the voltage input decreases, the influence from self-generated heat continues until he
Guaranteed accuracy ranges for frequenc
All accuracy figures for 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz are desige, and current
The voltage and power accuracy figures for DC
are design values.
The current and power accuracy figures for 100 kHz to 1 MHz when the current exceeds 5 A are reference values.
Effective input range
Udc, Idc: $0 \%$ to $\pm 110 \%$ of the measurement range
Umn, Imn: $10 \%$ to $110 \%$ of the measurement range
Urmn, Irmn: 10\% to $110 \%$ of the measurement rang
Power:
DC measurement: $0 \%$ to $\pm 110 \%$
AC measurement: $1 \%$ to $110 \%$ of the voltage and current ranges; up to $\pm 110 \%$ of the power range
However, the synchronization source level must meet the frequency measurement input signal level.
Line filter influence
Voltage and current (Direct and Sensor)
45 Hz to 66 Hz : Add $0.2 \%$ of reading
Lower than 45 Hz : Add $0.5 \%$ of reading
Power
45 Hz to 66 Hz : Add $0.3 \%$ of reading
Lower than 45 Hz : Add 1\% of reading
At (Cutoff frequency of Line filter) / 10 Hz : Add $1.5 \%$ of reading
Add $\pm 0.02 \%$ of reading $/{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ within the range of $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $18^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $28^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
When $\lambda=0$ ( S is Appare
$\pm 0.15 \%$ of S for 45 Hz to 66 Hz .
For other frequency ranges, below figures are reference values
$\pm(0.017 \times \mathrm{f}) \%$ of S ( f is kHz ).
Input level is $0.15 \%$ or more of apparent power
When $0<\lambda<1$
(Power reading) $\times$ [ (power reading error\%) + (power range error\%) $\times$ (power range/indicated apparent power value) $+\{\tan \Phi \times$ (influence when $\lambda=0) \%\}]$,
where $\Phi$ is the phase angle between the voltage and current.
Accuracy of reactive power Q Accuracy of apparent power $+\left(v\left(1.0004-\lambda^{2}\right)-\sqrt{ }\left(1-\lambda^{2}\right)\right) \times 100 \%$ of range
$\pm\left[(\lambda-\lambda / 1.0002)+\mid \cos \Phi-\cos \left\{\Phi+\sin ^{-1}(\right.\right.$ (influence from the power factor when $\left.\left.\left.\lambda=0) \% / 100\right)\right\}\right] \pm 1$ digit. The voltage and current signals are rated range inputs.
Accuracy of phase angle $\Phi$
$\pm\left[\left|\Phi-\left\{\cos ^{-1}(\lambda / 1.0002)\right\}\right|+\sin ^{-1}\{\right.$ (influence from the power factor when $\left.\left.\lambda=0) \% / 100\right\}\right]$ deg $\pm 1$ digit. The voltage and current signals are rated range inputs.
Lead and lag detection (Phase angle $\Phi$ 's D (lead) and G (lag))
The lead and lag of the voltage and current inputs can be detected correctly for the following: Sine wave input
ared value is $50 \%$ or more of measurement range.
Phase differ 10 Hz to 10 kHz
When frequency filer is 0 , 175 degree)
However, Cutoff frequency is 100 Hz filter, it is specified lower than 60 Hz .
Accuracy at 1 year 1.5 times the reading errors for the accuracy at 6 months
General Specifications

| Item | Specification |
| :---: | :---: |
| Standard operating conditions | Ambient Temperature: $23 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Ambient humidity: 20 to $80 \% \mathrm{RH}$ <br> Supply Voltage and frequency Within $\pm 1 \%$ of rating <br> After the PX8000 has been warmed up and then calibration has been performed. |
| Warm up time | At least 30 mins |
| Storage environment | Temperature: -25 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Humidity: 20 to $80 \%$ RH (no condensation) <br> Altitude: 3000 m or less |
| Operation environment | Temperature: 5 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ normal position, 5 to $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ when the rear <br> panel is parallele to the flower <br> Humidity: 20 to $80 \%$ RH without using the printer, no <br> condensation <br> Humidity: 35 to $80 \%$ RH when the printer is used, no <br> condensation <br> Altitude: 2000 m or less |
| Rated supply voltage | 100 to $120 \mathrm{VAC} / 220$ to 240 VAC (Auto switching) |
| Rated supply voltage range | 90 to $132 \mathrm{VAC} / 198$ to 264 VAC |
| Rated supply frequency | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Permitted supply voltage frequency range | 48 to 63 Hz |


| Maximum power consumption | $200 \mathrm{VA}, 400 \mathrm{VA}$ (with /B5 is used, when /PD2 is installed) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Withstand voltage | 1500 VAC for one minute between the power supply and case |
| Insulation resistance | 10 M Ohm or more for 500 VDC between the power supply and case |
| External dimensions | $355 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~W}) \times 259 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{H}) \times 180 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{D})$, not including the handle and protrusions <br> Approx. $355 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~W}) \times 259 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{H}) \times 245 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{D})$, excluding the handle and protrusions (when /PD2 is installed) |
| Weight | Approx. 6.5 kg (weight of the PX8000 only without paper and with the $/ \mathrm{M} 2$, /B5, /C20, /M2, /G5 and /P4 options installed) Approx. 7.5 kg (main unit only with /B5/C20/G5/M2/P4/PD2 installed, excluding recording paper) |
| Instrument cooling method | Forced air cooling. Exhaust on the left side and top panel. <br> Forced air Air vents on the left and top panels, and back (when /PD2 is installed) |
| Battery backup | The settings and clock are backed up with an internal lithium battery. |
| Backup battery life | Approx. 5 years (at an ambient temperature of $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| Standard Accessories | Front panel protection cover 1 Cover panel 8 <br> Rubber stoppers 4 <br> Power cord 1 <br> Pinter roll paper 1 (/B5 only) <br> Getting started Guide 1 <br> CD manual 1 <br> Voltage Input Adapter 4 <br> Current Input Adapter 4 <br> Wrench 1 |
| Safety standard | Compliance EN61010-1, EN61010-2-030, EN61010-031, EN 60825-1 <br> standards - Over voltage category (installation category) II <br> - Measurement Category II <br> - Pollution degree 2 |
| Emissions | Compliance EN61326-1 Class A, <br> standards EN61326-2-1, <br> EN55011 Class A Group 1, <br> RCM EN55011 Class A, Group1 <br> - Class A <br> Korean KC Standard <br> *Warning for Class A instruments <br> This is a Class A instrument based on Emission standards EN61326-1 and EN55011, and is designed for an industrial environment. <br> Operation of this equipment in a residential area may cause radio interference, in which case users will be responsible for any interference which they cause. |
|  |  |
| Immunity | Compliance EN61326-1 Table 2 (for industrial locations), EN61326-2-1 standards |
|  | Test items Electrostatic discharge: EN61000-4-2 <br> Radiated immunity: EN61000-4-3 <br> Conducted immunity: EN61000-4-6 <br> Fast transient/burst: EN61000-4-4 <br> Power frequency magnetic field: EN61000-4-8 <br> Surge immunity: EN6100-4-5 <br> Voltage dip and interruption: EN61000-4-11 |

The voltage module (760811 (VOLTAGE)), current module (760812/760813 (CURRENT)), and AUX module (760851 (AUX)) uses laser light sources internally. These modules correspond to Class 1 aser product as defined in IEC60825-1:Safety of Laser Products-Part 1:Equipment Classification, and Requirements. In addition, this instrument complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated June 24, 2007.


Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for
deviaitions pursuan to Laser Notice No.50, dated June 24,2007 4.9.8.8 Myoin-cho, Hachioji-sh
Tokyo 192-8566, Japan

| Model | Suffix Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PX8000 |  | Precision Power Scope |
| Power Cord | -D | UL/CSA Standard |
|  | -F | VDE standard |
|  | -H | GB standard |
|  | -N | NBR standard |
|  | -Q | BS standard |
|  | -R | AS standard |
| Languages | -HE | English menu |
|  | -HG | German menu |
|  | -HJ | Japanese menu |
| Options | /B5 | Built-in printer (112 mm) |
|  | /C20 | IRIG function |
|  | /G5 | Harmonic measurement |
|  | /M1 | 50 M memory expansion ${ }^{+1}$ |
|  | /M2 | 100 M memory expansion ${ }^{1}$ |
|  | /P4 | 4 Outputs of probe power |
|  | /PD2 | 4 Outputs of sensor power ${ }^{2}$ |

1: Only one can be selected. Box for measurement, /PD2 option and Current module 760812 are required. The /PD2 option requires Firmware version Ver. 3.2 or later.

| Name | Model | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Voltage Module | 760811 | Current module 760812 or 760813 must be ordered together |
| Current Module | 760812 | Voltage module 760811 must be ordered together |
| Current Module | 760813 | Voltage module 760811 must be ordered together |
| Auxiliary Module | 760851 | Auxiliary (AUX) module for sensor input, Torque/Speed |
|  |  |  |
| Name | Model | Description |
| PowerViewerPlus | 760881 | Viewer software dedicated for PX8000 |

The German language menu will be released soon
Selection of both /M1 and /M2 is not available for one main frame. The standard memory length is 10 M points/CH.
The power value will be calibrated using a pair of Voltage (760811) and Current (760812/760813) modules, therefore an equal quantity of these must be ordered together
A test Certificate of the Voltage Module includes the test results of the voltage and power value which are calibrated with one paired Current Module. Also the test Certificate of the Current Module includes the test results of the current and power values which are calibrated with one paired Voltage Module.

## Standard Accessories;

Power cord ( 1 set), Front cover ( 1 set), Rubber foot ( 4 sets), Cover plate assy ( 8 sets), Current terminal adapter (4 sets), Voltage terminal adapter (4 sets), Printer chart (1 set for /B5), Getting started guide ( 1 set), CD (Getting started guide, Futures guide, User's Manual, Communication interface manual by PDF data)

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Safety Precautions for Laser Products
The voltage module (760811), the current modules (760812/760813) and the AUX module (760851) uses laser light sources internally. These modules or respond to Class 1 laser product as defined in the IEC60825-1: 2007 Safety of Laser Products-Part 1: Equipment Classification and Requirements.

$\triangle$ Due to the nature of this product, it is possible to touch its mental parts. Therefore, there is a risk of electric shock, so the product must be used with caution.
*1: Use these products with low-voltage circuits (42 V or less).

## Yokogawa's approach to preserving the global environment

- Yokogawa's electrical products are developed and produced in facilities that have received ISO14001 approval

■ In order to protect the global environment, Yokogawa's electrical products are designed in accordance with Yokogawa's Environmentally Friendly Product Design Guidelines and Product Design Assessment Criteria

## Notice

- Before operating the product, read the user's manual thoroughly for proper and safe operation.
- If this product is for use with a system requiring safeguards that directly involve personnel safety, please contact the Yokogawa offices.
- Warranty period of the PX8000 and modules is three years.

This is a Class A instrument based on Emission standards EN61326-1 and EN55011, and is designed for an industrial environment.
Operation of this equipment in a residential area may cause radio interference, in which case users will be responsible for any interference which they cause.

Any company's names and product names mentioned in this document are trade names trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective companies. The User's Manuals of this product are provided by CD-ROM.

## YOKOGAWA

## YOKOGAWA TEST \& MEASUREMENT CORPORATION

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